THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CONTAINING

the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Ballock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,083—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1890.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..	
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch	Rs. 21
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ...	Rs. 22-12 per
"Glentromie"	doz. bottles.
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish"	

Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th Mar.
B.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
† BOKHARA	3011	500	P. W. Case	11th ,,
B.L. PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	18th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th ,,
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harver	2nd May
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	9th ,,
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	16th ,,
B.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	L. Reeves	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	30th ,,
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	13th ,,
B.L. ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	20th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain	1890.
ORIENTAL	5500 1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500 1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons. H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1890.
THAMES	4200 803	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.
ROHILLA	3511 700	M. de Horne	10th April.
ROSETTA	3525 703	G. W. Brady	24th ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 13th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA' RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th April 1890.
R RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th May 1890.
PO			1st June 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th April 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 11, March 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st April.
a MEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,900	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,050	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer
a Will not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
ORION	B. Vidos	3,500	850	15th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
THISBE	G. Boganovich	3,900	550	21st April

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 24th Feb. 1890.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th April 1890, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer rom Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway are from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well-known passenger steamer CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander C. ALEXANDERSON, will leave Bombay for LIVERPOOL direct on or about 5th proximo.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Saloon and state rooms all on upper deck.

For particulars to passage money, Cabin plans &c apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street Bomba

BOMBAY TO ANTWERP DIRECT.

	Tons.	Commander.
S. S. STRAITS OF MAGELLAN	2951	JOHN CLARK.

THIS fine vessel, late "CITY of CARTHAGE," a well known and favourite passenger steamer, will LEAVE BOMBAY for ANTWERP, on or about the 27th instant.

The Cabins and Saloon are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. STEWARDESS CARRIED.

For particulars as to rates of passage, cabin plans, &c, Apply to

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on 30th March after arrival of incoming English Mail, the calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat Jask Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 26th March.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HIMALAYA" 1,427 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 27th March, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 5th April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 26th March, 1890. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
L PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	29th Mar.
M BRITANNIA	3936	Brown	19th April.
,, NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	26th ,,
L ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380	Abrey	31st ,,

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 27th Feb. 1890.

MACIVER LINE.

S. S. "CUBA," for PLYMOUTH, end of March, and S.S. "EUROPA," end of April.

A limited number of Passengers can be accommodated in these two Steamers at reduced rates. Very good accommodation, also Doctor or Stewardess.

Special attention paid to food, and a liberal amount of luggage granted.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of DUBLIN" 3267 Tons, Captain J. SWAN, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL, on or about the 15th April. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and a Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on deck amidships, Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely ropean.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

Bombay, 21th February, 1890.

S. S. "HINDOO," Class 100 A 1, 300 Horse Power nominal, steaming 15 knots per hour, is OPEN to Charter (if inducement offered) for passenger trade. Persons desirous should apply

Messrs. KHATAU JIVANDAS & Co.,
Fort Bazaar Gate.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accomodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their system of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travelers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY ASSOCIATION OF FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Association will be held at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, on MONDAY the 31st instant, at 4 p.m.

CLEMENT POOLE,
Secretary.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S INDUSTRIAL ART EXHIBITION,

(School of Art, Esplanade),

THE Conversazione which is open to members only, (each of whom can admit two ladies), will be held at 5 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 26th March, 1890 The Exhibition will be declared open at 5 p.m., on SATURDAY, the 29th, by H. E. the Governor.

Rare Specimens of Persian, Indian, Chinese, Japanese and Burmese Art on view.

	Rs.	a.
Tickets of Membership	10	0
Season Ticket	2	
Admission	0	8

To be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

J. NEUBERG,

MEDOWS STREET,

BOMBAY.

Albums, Scrap and Photo.	Manilla Cigars.
Bath Tubs Travelling.	Neilgherry Teas.
Bent wood Furniture.	Photographic Materials.
Burmah Cheroots.	Pianos, Lipp's.
Cameras.	Piano Stools.
Card Tables.	Piano Insulators.
Carpets.	Pillows, Real Down.
Cheroots, Trichinopoly.	Playing Cards.
Cigar Conditioners.	Pondicherry Cigars.
Cigars of all Varieties.	Sheeting.
Cigarettes.	Shikar Cloth.
Cigarette Conditioners.	Shikari Canteens.
Coconada Cigars.	Smokers' Requisites.
Cooking Stoves.	Smoking Mixtures.
Counterpanes, Bed.	Snuffs, Taddy's.
Curtains, Lace.	Sponges.
Deck Chairs.	Stoves, Kerosine or Fuel.
Detective Cameras.	Table Covers.
Enamelled Iron Ware.	Table Linen.
Ferro-Prussiate Paper.	Teas, Neilgherry.
Folding Furniture.	Tobacco Conditioners.
Fusee Boxes, Silver.	Tobaccos.
Fusee Vestas.	Toilette Sets.
Galvanized Iron Tubs.	Toilette Table Covers.
Havannah Cigars.	Travellers' Requisites.
Java Cigars.	Walking Sticks.
Lenses, Best makers.	Wax Vestas.
Lipp's Square Pianos.	Whist Markers.
Luncheon Baskets.	Wide Angle Lenses.

Special Catalogue forwarded on Application to

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY.

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
ARMY AND NAVY CUPS ...from	20	0 to	39	0
ASPARAGUS DISHES AND SERVERS ,,	75	0 to	85	0
ASPARAGUS SERVERS ,,	15	0 to	20	0
BACON DISHES ,,	62	0 to	70	0
BEER MUGS ,,	12	0 to	40	0
BISCUIT BOXES ,,	20	0 to	100	0
BOTTLE HOLDERS ,,	22	8 to	25	0
BOTTLE LABELS ,,	1	8 each.		
BRANDY AND SODA FRAMES ,,	84	0		
BREAD BASKETS ,,	50	0 to	90	0
BREAKFAST CRUETS ,,	13	8 to	50	0
BREAKFAST DISHES ,,	55	0 to	110	0
BUTTER, CHEESE, & BISCUIT FRAMES ...each	60	0		
BUTTER COOLERS AND DISHES ,,	9	0 to	36	0
BUTTER KNIVES ,,	2	12 to	8	8
CAKE BASKETS ,,	50	0 to	90	0
CALL BELLS ,,	5	8 to	29	0
CANDLESTICKS ,,	18	0 to	68	0
CAFETIERES ,,	80	0 to	90	0
CARLTON CRUETS ,,	13	8 to	45	0
CAYENNE PEPPER BOTTLES ,,	6	0		
CHEESE SCOOPS ,,	3	0 to	22	8
CHILDREN'S MUGS ,,	12	0 to	22	8
CHOCOLATE POTS ,,	68	0 to	80	0
CHRISTENING PRESENTS ,,	8	0 to	145	0
CHUTNEY FRAMES ,,	25	0 to	95	0
CIGAR LAMPS ,,	27	0 to	40	0
CLARET JUGS ,,	22	8 to	112	0
COCKTAIL SHAKERS ,,	25	0		
COFFEE SPOONS, in cases ,,	20	0 to	50	0
COMBINED FISH & DESSERT CABINETS ,,	500	0		
COVERED TANKARDS ,,	12	0 to	40	0
CRUET STANDS ,,	15	0 to	95	0
CRUMB BRUSHES ...each	22	8		
CRUMB SCOOPS ,,	18	0 to	27	0
CRUMB TRAYS ...each	60	0		
CURRY DISHES ...each	70	0 to	90	0
DESSERT CABINETS ,,	345	0		
DESSERT FRUIT SPOONS, sets of ,,	22	8 to	80	0
DESSERT KNIVES AND FORKS, sets of ,,	36	0 to	150	0
DESSERT STANDS ,,	80	0 to	250	0
DINNER CRUETS ,,	27	0 to	95	0
DISH COVERS ,,	60	0 to	175	0
DISHES, REVOLVING LID.. ,,	36	0 to	140	0
EGG FRAMES ,,	40	0 to	60	0
ENTREE DISHES, sets of 4 ,,	180	0 to	500	0
EPERGNES ,,	80	0 to	250	0
FISH CARVERS ,,	17	0 to	40	0
FISH-EATING KNIVES AND FORKS, sets of ,,	62	0 to	150	0
FRUIT STANDS ,,	80	0 to	250	0
GOBLETS ,,	22	8 to	77	0
GOLF CUPS ,,	20	0 to	68	0
GRAPE SCISSORS ,,	7	8 to	14	0
GONGS ,,	22	8 to	50	0
HOLSTER FLASKS ,,	14	0 to	20	0
HOT-WATER JUGS ,,	45	0 to	75	0
ICE CLAWS ...each	9	0		
ICE HAMMERS ,,	7	8		
ICE JUGS ,,	55	0 to	80	0
ICE PAILS ,,	10	8 to	45	0
ICE SPOONS, sets of ... from	20	0 to	50	0
ICE TONGS ,,	4	8 to		
ICE WATER SETS ,,	140	0 to	200	0
ICE WATER URNS ,,	200	0 to	250	0
INKSTANDS ,,	40	0 to	85	0
JAM, HONEY, AND MARMALADE JARS ,,	7	0 to	25	0
JAM SPOONS ,,	3	12 to	6	0
KNIFE RESTS, per pair ,,	2	4 to	10	0
LOVING CUPS ,,	45	0 to	78	0
MUFFINEERS, each ,,	1	4 to	7	8
MUSTARD POTS ,,	12	8		
NAPKIN RINGS ,,	12	0 to	30	0
NUT CRACKERS ,,	4	0 to	8	0
PAP BOWLS ,,	45	0		
PEPPER CASTORS ,,	3	0 to	9	0
PEPPER MILLS ,,	4	8 to	40	0
PEG MEASURES ,,	6	0 to	12	8
PIANO CANDLESTICKS ,,	50	0 to	60	0
PICKLE FRAMES ,,	25	0 to	95	0
PICKLE PRONGS OR FORKS ,,	1	4 to	8	8
PICNIC COMPANIONS ,,	13	8 to	58	0
PLATEAUX ,,	60	0 to	80	0
PRESERVE FRAMES ,,	21	8 to	50	0
SALAD BOWLS AND SERVERS ,,	52	0 to	75	0
SALAD SERVERS ,,	20	0		
SALT CELLARS, sets of ,,	12	8 to	45	0
SALVERS ,,	13	8 to	100	0
SARDINE BOXES ,,	30	0 to	45	0
SARDINE HELPERS ,,	3	8 to	7	8
SAUCE BOATS ,,	35	0 to	40	0
SAUCE FRAMES ,,	16	8 to	38	0
SIDE DISHES, sets of ,,	180	0 to	500	0
SOUFFLET PANS ,,				
SOY FRAMES ,,	16	8 to	38	0
SPIRIT AND LIQUOR FRAMES ,,	60	0 to	150	0
SPOON WARMERS ,,	18	0 to	35	0
SUGAR BASINS ,,	30	0 to	60	0
SUGAR AND CREAM FRAMES ,,	21	8 to	56	0
SUGAR SIFTERS ,,	3	0 to	4	8
SUITES OF PLATE ,,	215	0 to	250	0
SULKIES ,,	2	8 to	5	4
TANKARDS ,,	12	0 to	40	0
TANTALUS FRAMES ,,	60	0 to	150	0
TART, PIE OR PUDDING DISHES ,,	15	0 to	40	0
TEA CADDIES ,,	56	0 to	60	0
TEA AND COFFEE SERVICES ,,	125	0 to	350	0
TEA INFUSERS ,,	2	8 to	5	4
TEA SERVICES ,,	80	0		
TEA SPOONS, per doz ,,	10	8 to	20	0
TEA KETTLES ,,	110	0 to	132	0
TEA TRAYS ,,	75	0 to	250	0
TOAST RACKS ,,	6	8 to	25	0
TOAST RACK AND EGG FRAMES ,,	33	0		
TOILET SERVICES ,,	300	0 to	400	0
TUMBLER AND WINE GLASS COVERS ,,	1	8 to	3	0
TWO-HANDLED CUP ,,	47	0 to	100	0
VEGETABLE DISHES ,,	70	0 to	130	0
WEDDING PRESENTS ,,	25	0 to	500	0
WINE CORKS ...each	1	0 to	2	8
WINE STRAINERS ,,	7	8 to	16	0

New and Artistic Designs are being continually introduced.

Complete Illustrated Lists Free on application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NEW PRICE LIST—A useful Handbook, describing the latest additions in PHOTOGRAPHY; this fascinating art, and giving simple and plain instructions for beginners.

CAMERAS, DRY-PLATES, LANTERNS, MOUNTS, LENSES, LAMPS, KNIVES MADE EASY SETS, CHEMICALS, FRAMES, PAPERS, SHUTTERS, PLATE RACKS AND SUNDRIES.

(*Lofty and airy Dark Room on the premises.*)

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

PIANOFORTES.

SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

THE BIJOU PIANO, solid Walnut case 3 unisons, 7 octaves, solid iron frame, thoroughly bolted, screwed and secured in every way ... ... Rs. 450

THE BOUDOIR PIANO, solid Walnut case, complete iron frame, overstrung scale, brass plate over pin plank, 7 octaves, metal action frame ... ... ,, 550

THE UPRIGHT GRAND COTTAGE, solid Walnut case, Panelled front, overstrung scale, three Unisons, Metal Plated, pin plank, metal action frame, 7 octaves ... ... ,, 00

THE "UPRIGHT IRON GRAND," solid Ebonized case, with gold incised ornamentation, overstrung scale, solid iron frame, 7 octaves, metal Pin Plate, Steinway action on metal standards. Handsome Ormolu handles and sconces, carved Trusses. The finest Upright Grand Imported ... ... ,, 725

SOLID DARK WALNUT GRAND SQUARE, complete iron frame extending over pin block, straight scale, long American dampers, 7 octaves ... ... ,, 600

SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE, overstrung scale, solid, complete bronzed-iron frame, extending over pin plank and bridge, Agraffe treble American dampers, 7 octaves ... ,, 700

THE SCHIEDMAYER SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE, with overstrung bass, made upon scientific principles, solid iron frame, with two pedals ... ... ,, 875

*** This class of Piano obtained First-class Certificate and Gold Medal at the Calcutta Exhibition, the highest award for Square Pianos.

THE MIGNON GRAND, by Schiedmayer of Stuttgart, in solid Mahogany ebonized case, with nickel corner plates and mountings, complete iron frame—the most perfect Grand made ... ... ,, 1,550

THE "COLLARD AND COLLARD" SOLID MAHOGANY METAL FRAME "NEW COTTAGE," 7 Octaves, Check Action, 3 Unisons, Metal Pin Plate, Panel Front, Gold incised Decorations, extra bolted and screwed. Sconces with Glass Shades. ... ... ,, 550

EBONIZED AND GOLD METAL FRAME PIANO, 7 Octaves, Check Action, 3 Unisons, Metal Pin Plate, flat fall, Panel front with Gold incised Decorations and Sconces with Glass Shades, extra bolted and screwed, Wire Gauze back ... ... ,, 700

SOLID WALNUT METAL FRAME COTTAGE GRAND, 7 Octaves, Patent Repeater Action, 3 Unisons, full Iron Frame, Brass-bound Case ... ... ,, 1,000

ILLUSTRATIONS OF EACH INSTRUMENT CAN BE HAD ON APPLICATION.

SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY

KEMP & CO.'S EDINA WHISKY

A PERFECT BLENDING of the CHOICEST BRANDS of the Highest Classes of Fine Old Whiskies, in their Native Purity as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

(Matured in Sherry Casks.)

EDINA WHISKY

Is a Luxury in pure Scotch Whiskies. Clever Judges pronounce it "Unique and Unrivalled," "An Exquisite Blending," "Harmonious in Combination," "Evenly-Balanced," "Delicately-Toned," "Pleasant to the Palate."

EDINA WHISKY

Possesses a Character so novel, and so entirely its own, that it claims the very first place among High-Class Whiskies, being of guaranteed age, a Pure Whisky of Delicious Flavour, and Choicest Quality.

Per Dozen, Rs. 25-8.

KEMP & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! CLOCKS!!!

NEW AND LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOCKS IN INDIA OF NEWEST DESIGNS SUITABLE TO ALL PURPOSES.

CLOCKS FOR TURRETS.
CLOCKS FOR TOWERS.
CLOCKS FOR THE DURBAR.
CLOCKS FOR THE HALL.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICERS MESS.
CLOCKS FOR THE GUARD ROOM.
CLOCKS FOR CHURCHES.
CLOCKS FOR SCHOOLS.
CLOCKS FOR INSTITUTES.
CLOCKS FOR MILLS.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICES.
CLOCKS FOR THE DINING ROOM.
CLOCKS FOR THE STABLE.
BRACKET CLOCKS.
CARRIAGE OR PALKY CLOCKS.
ARMY AND NAVY CLOCKS.
REGULATOR CLOCKS.
GRANDFATHER CLOCKS.
CLOCKS that never require winding, etc., etc.

The last named one is a new and novel invention which never requires winding or more accurately told, winds itself every hour. This would be a perpetual mobile if the works did not require cleaning every fourth or fifth year. Our stock of clocks is at present without rival, while the prices have been greatly reduced.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

CLOCK AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

MORENAS & CO

BEG to inform the Public that they have

OPENED A REFRESHMENT BOOTH AT THE FAIR,

HELD IN HONOR OF PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR

GYMKHANA SIDE

ON THE RIGHT OF THE BANDSTAND

Where the following articles can be had:—

ICES	PASTRY	SANDWICHES
BRANDY	WHISKY	SHERRY
PORT	BEER	STOUT
CHAMPAGNE	CLARET.	
&c.,	&c.,	&c.,

MORENAS & COMPANY.

TEAS.

OF EXTREMELY GOOD VALUE.

PLANTATION MIXTURE.	ORANGE PEKOE.	HOLTA MIXTURE.
As. 14 per lb.	Re. 1-8 per lb.	Re. 1-6 per lb.
5 lb tins Rs. 4-0	5 lb tins Rs, 7-0	5 lb tins Rs. 6-8

POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth. PHILLIPS & Co., LD., BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge.

MOHEWARD BOUND

SEASON 1890.

THORPE AND CO.,

EVERY requisite for Travellers by Rail or Steamer ready for immediate use, or made to order at a few hours' notice.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	Rs. 8	to 16	8		
Travelling Suits	,, 30	to 35	0		
Warm Suits, Cheviot, etc.,	,, 45	to 55	0		
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	,, 48	to 55	0		
Best White Shirts with Bands, each		4	4		
Do. do. do. Collars		4	8		
Best Oxford do. do.		5	0		
Best Flannel and Silk Wool	Rs. 7-8	to 8	8		
Cardigan Jackets, very warm	,, 10-8	to 12	8		
Dressing Gowns	,, 10-8	to 25	0		
Warm Lambs' Wool Undervests and Pants, each.		6	8		
Stout Merino Vests and Pants, each		6	8		
Gauze Merino Undervests, per dozen		12	8		
Do. do. Pants do.		21	8		
Extra Superior Gauze Vests do.		30	0		
Brown Cotton Socks, per dozen		8	8		
Superior Merino Socks do.		15	8		
Very Warm Lambs' Wool Socks, per dozen		25	0		
Ribbed Hand-knitted Socks do		30	0		
Warm Gloves, per pair		1	8		
Warm Mufflers	Rs. 2-2	to 3	0		
Best Tweed Hats and Caps	,, 3	to 4	8		
Best Linen Collars, all shapes, per dozen		6	8		
Overland Trunks, best make, from		30	0		
Solid Leather Portmanteaux do.		40	0		
Tan Canvas Courier Bags do.		8	0		
Soiled Linen Bags do.		5	0		
Gladstone or Expanding Bags do.		28	0		
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete, from		13	8		

	Rs.	a.
Travelling Baths, with inside Basket, from	25	0
Ladies' Air-tight Dress-boxes in Case.. Rs. 28 to	38	0
Ladies' Sun Hats	5	0
Overland Chairs ...from	4	0
Money Belts, Pockets all round	2	8
Block Tin Collar Boxes	3	8
Brown Leather Slippers	2	12
White Canvas Shoes	6	8
Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2	8
Woven Cholera Belts	2	12
Rug Straps	1	8
Leather Purses	2	0
Sovereign Boxes	2	0
Razors, ready for use	2	0
Shaving Brushes	2	0
Nail and Trooth Brushes ...each	0	12
Travelling Pillows ...each	1	0
Resais or Quilts ...from	4	0
Scotch Mauds and Rugs ...from	15	0
Cambric Handkerchiefs ...per doz.	5	0
Metal Soap-boxes ...from	1	8
Sponges and Bags ...each		8
Penknives	1	8
Vulcanized India-rubber Baths	15	0
Hold-Alls with Strong Leather Straps ...each	12	8
Waterproof Dressing-cases holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, etc.	5	8
Marine or Salt-water Soap ...per packet	1	0
Eau de Cologne with Wicker cover	3	0
Padlocks, each	1	0

Celluloid Collars, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE & CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

P. VUCCINO & CO.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

HAVING arranged to continue their Business, their CHARGES for PHOTOGRAPHS will be at the GREATLY REDUCED RATES lready published. Terms Strictly cash.

Studio open daily ... from 9 to 4
Office for Engagements ... from 8 to 6

MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
REAR ADMIRAL THE HON'BLE
SIR E. R. FREMANTLE K.C.B., C.M.G.,
Naval Commander-in-Chief,
THE HON. LADY FREMANTLE,
CAPTAIN THE HON. A. G. CURZON-HOWE, R. N.,
AND
OFFICERS of H. M. S. "Boadicea."

H. M. S. "BOADICEA'S" AMATEUR DRAMATIC COMPANY.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS,
MARCH 27th, and 28th at 9 p.m. precisely.

THE CELEBRATED FARCE IN ONE ACT
TURN HIM OUT.

THE SENSATIONAL MELODRAMA IN TWO ACTS
THE GOLDEN FARMER
OR,
THE LAST CRIME.

PROGRAMME.

At 9 p.m., will be performed the "Screaming Farce" by S. WILLIAMS, Esq., and entitled
TURN HIM OUT.

NICKODEMUS
NOBBS ..... A Vendor of Juvenile Toys ..... Mr. F. Flaherty.
MR. MACKINTOSH
MOKE ..... A Retired Gentleman Mr. G. A. Jennings.
ROSELEAF ..... An Æsthetic Gentleman ..... Mr. H. Parker.
MRS. MOKE ..... A Romantic Lady .... Mr. E. Bateman
SUSAN ..... Maid of All Work ..... Mr. A. Chambers.
PORTERS ..... Messrs. Leonard & Still.
SCENE ..... Parlour of Mr. Moke's Country Retreat.
SELECTION ..... "Life on the Ocean" .. Band of H. M. S. "Boadicea."

To be followed at 10-15 p.m., with the Sensational Melodrama in 2 Acts written by BENJAMIN WEBSTER, Esq., and entitled
THE GOLDEN FARMER,
OR
THE LAST CRIME.

CAPTAIN STRIKE .. Alias The Golden Farmer, a Notorious Highwayman ..... Mr. C. Keddle.
OLD MOBBS ..... His Companion in Crime ..... Mr. N. Keating.
HARRY HAMMER .. The Amorous Hammer of Hampshire, Auctioneer, Church-warden & Undertaker Mr. H. Parker.
JEMMY TWITCHER ... A London Prig out of Luck—Vell and Vot of it? ..... Mr. F. Flaherty.
WILLIAM HARVEY. A Sergeant in the Army and Brother to Elizabeth ..... Mr. J. Hume.
JOHN ..... The Farmer's Bailiff ..... Mr. Y. Leonard.
JERMAIN ..... A Farm Labourer, afterwards a Police Officer. Mr. W. Still.
TOM SHARLAND ..... A Celebrated Police Spy ..... Mr E. Bateman.
MRS. HAMMER ..... The Auctioneer's Wife, a Vixen.. Mr. W. Brantom.
ELIZABETH ..... The Farmer's Wife, Faithful and True ..... Mr. A. Chambers.

ACT I.
SCENE 1. Exterior of the Farm House .. The Temptation.
" 2. Interior of the Farm House .. Vell & Vot of it?
" 3. Exterior of Hammer's Residence ..... The Burglary.

ACT II.
SCENE 1. Interior of the Farm House .. The Escape.
" 2. A Country Lane ..... Hammer & Tongs.
" 3. The Condemned Cell ..... Saved.

The Incidental Music arranged by Mr. W. WALKER, Bandmaster, H. M. S. "Boadicea."

Overture at 8-45 p.m.—Performance to Commence at 9 p.m., precisely.

Part proceeds will be given to Local Charities.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Rs. 3; Rs. 2; Re. 1; Annas 8.

Tickets can be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Bombay,
The General Manager, or at the Novelty Theatre.

General Manager: Mr. G. A. JENNINGS, R.N.,

Produced under the Presidency of Captain the Hon'ble A. G. Curzon Howe, R. N.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 29th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Off. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 24th March, 1890.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO.

THIS COMPANY now also issues POLICIES on RENT on the same terms as for Buildings or contents,
For further particulars apply to VOLKART BROTHERS.

BASEL MISSION INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

WEAVING BRANCH.

AT the suggestion of many Ladies and Gentlemen, both here and up-country, who have been misled by some local dealers into buying imitations of the celebrated "BASEL MISSION" HAND-MADE Table Linen, Shikar Cloths, Tweeds, Ginghams, &c., the GENUINE "Mission" Cloths, can be had, Retail and Wholesale, from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of the members of the Bombay Millowners' Association will be held in the Rooms of the Association on MONDAY, the 31st instant, at 4 p. m, to consider the resolution of the Committee of the Association that in the present state of the industry, it is desirable that the spinning mills of Bombay should be closed eight days in each and every month during the next three months, weaving mills, during that period, not to spin any bundling yarns for eight days a month.
Millowners, who are not members of the Association, are also invited to attend.
By order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Bombay, 25th March, 1890.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY FOR BOOK READERS

SELLING OFF
OWING TO LIQUIDATION
NOVEL at Annas 6½ per Shilling
ALL OTHER BOOKS at annas 7 per Shilling

EVERYTHING
GREATLY REDUCED
IN PRICE.

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,
(In Liquidation.)
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS
TO
FOLLOWING INDIAN NEWSPAPERS
THROUGH
THE BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY
ON SECOND DAY OF ISSUE.

The *Bombay Gazette* (Bombay)	Rs. 36	Inclusive of Postage.
The *Times of India* (Bombay)	Rs. 36	
The *Civil and Military Gazette* (Lahore)	Rs. 36	
The *Englishman* (Calcutta)	Rs. 36	
The *Madras Mail* (Madras)	Rs. 36	
The *Pioneer* (Allahabad)	Rs. 36	

The Papers as arranged are posted from places where they are published. 1,000 copies of above Newspapers are circulated by the Library and its Branches DAILY on day of issue among local Subscribers and posted on second day to Mofussil Subscribers. The library can increase the number of copies to 10,000 if required.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

EVERY EVENING, from 5 to 7-30 p.m. 8 annas.
Nights from 8-30 to 11 p.m. Re. 1.
(Unless otherwise advertised).

SATURDAY MORNING, from 10 to 12-30; and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, from 2 to 4, Childrens' Matinee. Children under 12, free. Adults, 8 Annas.

On and after WEDNESDAY, 26th March, 1890. The MORNING SESSIONS hitherto held from 7. to 9 a. m. for Gentlemen, and from 10 a. m. to 12-30 p. m. for Ladies will be discontinued, but, there will be a special session of Instruction for Ladies and Gentlemen from 7 to 10-30 a. m. daily except Saturday. ADMISSION 8 ANNAS. SKATES FREE.

ON MONDAY
THE GREAT EASTER HOLIDAY
We respectfully invite everybody to visit Our Rink
MASKED
As our 1st GRAND MASK CARNIVAL takes place on that date.

On this occasion we intend to present a Number of BEAUTIFUL PRIZES
For the most GROTESQUE MASK,
For the most GRACEFUL LADY SKATER,
For the best GENTLEMAN FANCY SKATER,
For the fastest LADY SKATER.
Each Masked Skater to receive a most HANDSOME "BON BON"

At the earnest request of our Friends
OUR DANCE PROGRAMME
Has been lengthened, and we intend to have dancing from MIDNIGHT to 1-30 a.m. for which we have engaged a
SPECIAL BRASS BAND of 25 PERFORMERS.

Prices of Admission End and Balcony Rs. 5.
Front Row Rs. 4; Second Row Rs. 3; Back Seats Rs. 2.

Secure your tickets early

The Session from 8-30 to 11 on FRIDAY NIGHT next, has been formed into an "Invitation Night" for the Officers and Men of the Royal Navy of the Station.

VICTORIA GARDENS.

VISIT OF
H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR OF WALES.
FLOWER SHOW, HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW.
MARCH 26TH to 29TH.
ENTRANCE FREE TO THE MUSEUM AND OUTER GARDEN.

For admission to the inner Garden, including Flower Show and Horse Show enclosures the following fees will be charged except TO ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS:—

WEDNESDAY, March 26th ..... One Rupee
THURSDAY, March 27th ..... One Rupee
FRIDAY, March 28th ..... Four Annas
SATURDAY, March 29th ..... Two Annas
CHILDREN ON ALL DAYS HALF PRICE.

Family tickets to admit five persons for all four days ..... Five Rupees.

Special arrangements have been made to admit private Carriages beyond the barrier on a payment of One Rupee for each Carriage including Coachman and Syce.

Tickets can be obtained either at the Entrance to the Gardens, or from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

No charge for horses and carriages entering to compete for prizes at the Show.

For Attractions and Prizes, see detailed Programme.

Note.—For the convenience of Purdah Ladies between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., on Friday only Ladies will be admitted.

VISIT OF H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR
TO THE
VICTORIA GARDENS,
GRAND HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW
AND
FLOWER SHOW.
Open daily from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.,
from Wednesday, 26th, to Saturday, 29th March, inclusive,

PROGRAMME.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26.
Judging of the Horses and Cattle, at 7 a.m.
Jumping and Driving Competition, at 4-30 p.m.
Grand Display of Plants and Flowers, Morning and Evening.
By Kind Permission of the COLONEL and the OFFICERS of the 4th RIFLES the BAND of the REGIMENT will play on the Ground in the Afternoon.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-MORROW.
H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR OF WALES.
ACCOMPANIED BY
H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY REAY.

Will arrive at the Gardens at 4-45 p. m., and will be received in the main avenue by the President and Members of the Corporation and the Flower Show and Horse Show Committees.
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS
Will then proceed to the Flower Show Pavilion.
After an inspection of the Prize Plants the Distinguished Visitors will be conducted to
THE HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW
which will include the Driving and Jumping competitions.
By the kind permission of Admiral the Hon'ble Sir E. Fremantle and the Officers of H. M. S. Boadicea, the Band of the Flagship will play in the pavilion.
The Band of the Marine Battalion by the kind permission of Colonel Pemberton and the Officers will also play in the Gardens.

FRIDAY, MARCH 28.
Private view for Purdah Ladies, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, MARCH 29.
Distribution of Prizes and Diplomas, 5 p.m.
Bands will be in attendance, in various parts of the Garden, during the afternoon, on all Four Days.
European Refreshments by F. PELLITI.
Native Refreshments by SHAPOORJEE HORMUSJEE.

HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW,
VICTORIA GARDENS.

NOTICE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES for COMPETITION are to be on the ground not later than four o'clock on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENING (the 26th and 27th inst.)

The JUMPING and DRIVING COMPETITIONS will take place on Wednesday and Thursday at 5 p.m.

HORSES, PONIES, and TURNOUTS should be on the ground both days by 4.30 p. m.

HORSES for DRIVING and JUMPING COMPETITIONS are not required to be left on the ground after such competitions.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "CLAN GRAHAM," arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL are hereby requested to present their BILLS of Lading for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.
The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.
After removal from the landing sheds, the Steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.
All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 24th March, 1890.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION
TO
PRINCES, RAJAHS, CHIEFS, SIRDARS,
AND
NOBLEMEN.
GOLD WATCHES
BY
JOHN JONES
AND
JAS. McCABE.
Price from Rs. 220 to 1,250 each.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

DOCKS SUPERINTENDENT WANTED, Salary Rs. 800 a month with Rs. 50 conveyance allowance and Free quarters.
To be on probation at first for a short time to learn the duties, on Rs. 500 a month.
Applications, with "copy" of testimonials, to be sent to
A. SMYTHE,
Acting Secretary.
25th March, 1890.

WESTERN INDIA VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

FOURTH ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.

THE dates of the FOURTH ANNUAL TOURNAMENT of the Western India Volunteer Athletic Association
HAVE FURTHER BEEN ALTERED TO
WEDNESDAY the 26th instant.
By order of the Executive Committee,
E. W. FERN.
Honorary Secretary, W. I. V. A. A.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Dr. JAYNES' useful and reliable HOUSEHOLD MEDICINES can be had retail from
J. S. NALLEE,
Care of Messrs. F. S. MADON & Co.,
Druggists, Jumma Musjid.

THE MAHABLESHWAR AND POONA LIVERY STABLE COMPANY, LD.

COMFORTABLE CARRIAGES and good TONGAS can be obtained on Hire from Poona direct and from Wathar.
Immediate application to be made in Bombay to Messrs. CUMOO JAFFER SULEMAN & Co., and at Poona to his Agent Messrs. COOVERJEE ARDESEER & Co., East Street.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

THE CHADARGHAT MUNICIPALITY (Hyderabad Deккan), having under consideration a Scheme for lighting the roads within its limits by electricity, will be glad to receive offers from persons prepared to undertake the work. Such offers should specify full details, and should be addressed to the undersigned.
C. WILLMOTE,
Secretary, Chadarghat Municipality.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF NORAH HARVEY, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming against the Estate of NORAH HARVEY (wife of JOHN ROBERT HARVEY Esqr, Lieut in Her Majesty's Fifth Regiment of Lancers) who died at Mhow on or about the 6th day of October 1889, and Letters of administration of whose property and credits were granted on the 20th day of February 1890 by the High Court at Bombay to HAROLD ROBERTSON KING are hereby required to send in their claims to the said administrator at the offices of Messrs KING KING & Co, Standard Buildings, Bombay, on or before the 19th day of April 1890 at the expiration of which time the Administrator will hand over the assets to the person or persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.
All persons indebted to the Estate of the deceased or having property of her in their hands are hereby required to pay their debts, or hand over such property to the said administrator.—Dated this 15th day of March 1890
CRAIGIE, LYNCH & OWEN,
Solicitors, High Court.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ILLUMINATIONS IN BOMBAY ON WEDNESDAY THE 26TH INSTANT.

THE public are hereby informed that for the convenience of Visitors to Bombay TO SEE the ILLUMINATIONS on the EVENING of WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant ADDITIONAL TRAINS will RUN between DADAR and BYCULLA and BOMBAY, as may be necessary up to a late hour on that night.
HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the Twenty-fourth of March, 1890.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO, 16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each) .. Rs 800
Do. do. 10 " " do. 500
EDISON do. 65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.) ... 400
GRAMME do. 20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p. 500
GRAMME DYNAMO, 10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p. ... 180
GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.
INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE " 1 anna "

F. FISCHER & Co.

MILNER'S Fire-Resisting SAFES.
MILNER'S Cash and Deed BOXES.
FAIRBANK'S Standard SCALES.
All Descriptions and sizes in stock, to weigh from ¼ oz. to 2,500 lbs.
FAIRBANK'S CANNING Co.'s Celebrated Preserved MEATS.
Agent—F. S. PUNNETT, Bombay.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.
Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 27th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.
4 cases white long cloth
2 " dorias
5 " drill
2 cases White Handkerchiefves.
5 bales grey T cloth
3 " grey shirtings
On account of the concerned—
50 Boxes tin plates
On account of the concerned ex s. s. Hispania—
E. S. and Co.—B. 600-307—4 cases prints, scarlet buff pads.
Ex ss Lockelsy Hall.
E. S. and Co.—B. 604-196—4 cases prints, scarlet buff pads.
MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, March 23, 1890.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BANDORA.

On SUNDAY, the 30th day of March, 1890 at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Company will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. Perozshaw Framjee Battliwalla the following valuable land and property:—
All that piece or parcel of land or ground and batty fields grass land, together with the messuage or dwelling house, outhouses, compounds, stables, wells and mango and other trees standing thereon, commonly called or known by the name of "Feroz Baugh" situate at Bandora in the Taluka of Salsette in the district of Thanna, containing by admeasurment 82,194 square yards, or thereabouts and bounded on the north by the vacant ground belonging to Bhundaree Koomaree and Antone Manoel de Monte and others, on the south by the property of Antone Manoel de Monte and others, on the east by the property of the B. B. & C. I Railway Company, and on the west partly by the road leading from Ghorebunder, and partly by the public road, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Mr. Perozshow Framjee Battliwalla.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Wadia and Ghandy, Solicitors to the Mortgagee.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, March 26, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF GUNNIES.

On Friday the 28th inst., at 3 p. m. Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the godowns of Messrs Kalli Brothers Dana Bunder by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Himatram Toolaram.
42 bales Hessians, 40, by 8 oz. Hastings containing 5,096 yards ex. s. s. Ludiana.
On account and risk of Mr. Ramdas Nanjee—
15 bales Hessians 50 by 10 oz. Hastings containing 18607 yards ex. s. s. Purnea.
On account and risk of Mr. Gangji Bhagchund—
5 bales Hessians, 45 by 14 oz. Budge Budge, containing 5,101 yards
On account and risk of Mr. Mohunji Jadhoji—
19 bales Hessians, 45 by 14 oz, Budge Budge containing 19,706 yards.
15 bales Hessians, 45 by 11 oz. Howrah containing 15,000 yards.
On SATURDAY, the 29th inst., at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Maria Hill, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome house hold furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese Vases, &c., &c., the property of P. G. MESSENT, Esq.
The property is on view.
On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, sundry kitchen articles, consisting of jelly moulds, ice cream moulds with tubs, sauce pans, fry pans, pestle and mortar, spoons and forks, cake tins, &c.
AT 1-30 P.M.
The property of H. R. H. the DUKE OF CONNAUGHT—
1 country bred cheseh nut pony "Butcher," 13 hands.
1 small C. B. chesnut pony 12 hands.
1 Bareily cart built in Poona.
1 gig by Lodha Ebhram and Co. of Poona.
1 country-bred horse "Trumpeter," 13-3, 7 years old.
The above horses can be seen at Messrs. Lodha Ebram and Co., Bellasis Road, Byculla.
The property of another gentleman—
1 Cee spring buggy by Windover, Long acre with moveable hind seat for servants; new last year. Cost Rs. 1,200.
1 handsome high caste chesnut Arab gelding, 15 hands, 6 years, carries a lady.
The property of F. FISCHER, Esq., proceeding to Europe
1 grey riding horse, 15 hands, 7 years old, goes well in saddle.
1 grey horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 strong Landau, in very good order.
1. "GOLDUST", C. A. H. 11-2 rising 5 years, good fencer, imported this season and believed to be sound.
One Couple foxhounds, regularly hunted this season.
1. pair of very handsome iron grey waiers,
1. Handsome English-built Landau, on Cee spring by Kesterton,
1. Pair of handsome Arab galloways.
1 Strong four seated Barouche in very good order.
1. Strong Mail phaeton.
1. strong, single seated Brougham.
2. Side Saddles with Chamois leather seat.
On MONDAY, the 1st instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co, are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 17, MEDOW STREET, Fort, the valuable and handsome blackwood and Teakwood French polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockery ware handsome China and Japanese Vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures Brussells carpets &c. the property of R. SCHMEIKES, Esq.
The above will be on view three days before the sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, March 26, 1890.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT CAVEL OUTSIDE THE FORT.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY the 27th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co,, will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the Mortgagee Baiwaize Vithul Mahagun and on account and at the risk of Domingos Francisco de Mello and the estate of the late Joseph de Mello the Mortgagors, the undermentioned landed property viz.
All that piece of Fazundaree ground together with the messuage or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate without the fort walls of Bombay in the oart Kurwall at Cavel, assessed by the Collector of assessment under No. 67 and bounded on the North by a passage and the house of Eusebio Viegas, and the house of Gopebai Bundaree, on the South by the house of the late Manoel Antonio de Mello, on the east by the compound of the said premises, an open path and the house of the late Francis Fernandes, and on the South by the house of Purbhoo.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 27th inst. at 1 p.m Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Old Tudor's Ice House Building, next to Great Western Hotel, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, fancy table ornaments, pictures, carpets, table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, a large size cooking stove, &c., the property of Mr R A Willis
The property is on view

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES AT THE GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES.

Under instructions from the Medical Storekeeper, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Government Medical Stores, Bellasis Road, Byculla, on FRIDAY, the 28th inst., at 1 p.m.
A quantity of unserviceable stores.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GRANT ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagees, Moorajohoy Premjee, Fazulohoy Meherali, and Sheer Mahomed Allarakhia, trustees of an indenture of trust, dated 22nd July, 1884, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Vazirambibi, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated 23rd March, 1885.
All that piece or parcel of freehold foras ground, situate near Cammattepoora, on the north side of Grant Road together with all the four dwelling-houses or bungalows, with the outhouses appertaining thereto, and a building now or formerly used as a shop, erected and standing on the said piece of land, in the registration subdistrict of Fort, admeasure acres 1, 79 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, the same being now or formerly surrounded by a wall, and bounded on the north by the property now or formerly belonging to the Municipality of Bombay, on the south by Grant Road aforesaid, on the east by Cursetjee Sookhajee Road, and on the west by the property now or formerly belonging to Valubhdas Bhugwandass Baun-ait, and which said piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 16, and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Nos. 206, 208 and 209, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Vazeeranbibi and her tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Thakurdas, Dharamsi and Cama, the solicitors of the mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 2nd April, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Fort, opposite the old Secretariat, the surplus stock of very valuable and handsome F. P. substantial made blackwood and teak wood household furniture of the best designs and best workmanship, made by Mr. Jamsetji Nowroji, Cabinet-maker, consisting of drawing room suits of different pattern, lined with rich velvet tapestry, magnificent drawing room cabinets, dining room, bed room and library furniture, very rich old China and Satsuma large size flower jars, handsome bronze figures and busts, Scinde work embroidery, superior table ornaments, rich Persian carpets, &c., &c.
Detailed catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN ABDOOL RAYMAN STREET WITHOUT THE FORT.

On THURSDAY, the 3rd April at 4 p. m, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Tyabally Mahomedally, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Bai Ruttonbai, widow of Aspindiarjee Jamsetjee Vania, Jamasjee Aspundiarjee Vania, Ruttonjee Aspindiarjee Vania and Ardashir Aspindiarjee Vania, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage dated the 9th day of May, 1889 and in the Indenture of further charge, dated the 26th day of June, 1889, the undermentioned valuable landed property, viz:—
All that piece of Fazendary ground, together with the messuage or tenement standing thereon, situate at Abdool Rayman Street, without the Fort, in the city of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 50 feet in length and 25 feet in breadth, assessed in the books of the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Taxes under ward No 49, and street No—and bounded on the east by a gully for a sweeper to pass and repass, on the west by the said Abdool Rayman Street, on the north by the house of Sootar Judesh Jowan, and on the South by the house of Mahomedaly Noorbhoy, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the mortgagor.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, March 26, 1890.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL $7,500,000
RESERVE FUND $4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.
Hon. John Bell-Irving. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Brodie, Esq. | J. S. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | L. Poessnecker, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq. | N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton. | E. A. Solomon, Esq.
Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING CO., LD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hollo.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
LIMITED.
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 584,400.
REST..... " 152,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
FIXED, for 12 months ..... 5 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " ..... 4 per cent. "
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balance.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St Trafalgar Square.
A. F. SIMPSON
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
X. CASTELLI,
Rampart Row, W. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).
HEAD OFFICE—39a, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £165,250
RESERVE FUND £120,000
LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FAMILY REMITTANCES. Arrangement made for monthly payments in England.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and remitted direct if required.
TELEGRAPHIC Transfers made and for that purpose Names and Addresses registered free of post.
DEPOSIT Accounts opened available only for remittance (at any time) in our own Bills on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.

MARCKS AND Co., Ld., undertake ELECTRO PLATING and GILDING in all it branches—Household requisites such as Spoons, and Forks, Dishes, Salvers, Tea and Coffee Services, &c &c., in daily use; may be substantially renewed at trifling cost.
MARCKS AND Co., Ld.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

(BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT.)
TAXIDERMISTS AND NATURALISTS IN ORDINARY
TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF CEYLON.
H. E. GENERAL SIR FRED. ROBERTS, Bart., V.C. G. C. B., G. C. I. E, R. A.
Commander-in-Chief in India.
H. H. The Lieut-Governor the N.-W.-PROVINCES and OUDH.
&c. &c. &c.
SYDNEY CARLETON AND CO.

NATURALISTS,
TAXIDERMISTS, TANNERS, FURRIERS, ZOOLOGICAL AGENTS, &c., &c.
"Entire Mammals, Birds, Fishes and Reptiles set up"!
Heads of Animals, &c., set up and mounted!!
Skins cured and tanned!!!
Skins mounted on cloth or made into rugs!!!!
Skins and Furs and trophies supplied at reasonable rates.
FLIES, Beetles, &c., in cases.
Live Stock of every description supplied at shortest notice.
Agents to William Cross, Esq., Zoological Merchant &c., Liverpool, England, and others.
For Price Lists, &c., apply
SYDNEY CARLETON & Co.,
BOMBAY.
Head Office and Showrooms, 4, Medows Street, Fort
Workshops and Offices, 221, Bellasis Road, Byculla
Godowns, &c., Gilder Street, Grant Road.
Agencies at Madras, Ceylon, Calcutta, Allahabad, Umballa, Pondicherry, Dresden (Germany), Liverpool and London, (England.)

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying seventy Military Messes and twenty Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN ..... Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS ..... Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co. ..... Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO ..... Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS ..... Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co. ..... Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co. ..... Rheims.
AYALA & Co. ..... Chetens d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY ..... Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS ..... Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS ..... Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT ..... London.
LEACOCK & Co. ..... Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co. ..... Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co. ..... London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co. ..... Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG ..... Worms-am-Rhein.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS ..... Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS ..... Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE & Co. ..... Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART & Co. ..... Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co. ..... London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co. ..... Gibraltar.

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.
For Prospectuses, Pro

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly. Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	4 pr. ct.	Rs. 917½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	100	all	5 pr. ct.	933
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	160,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	£125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct	170

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700xd
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	240
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	410
Bombay Cotton Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	1,000	125	125	20	110
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	55	330
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,230
English Press and Manfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	..	..	195
Fort	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,100
French	300	500	all	50	525
Harvey and Sahapathy	450	450	500	60	400
Khangaum	240	450	450	15	445
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	60
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	50	432½
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	25	177½
New Berar	1,200	500	500	45	515
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11	35
Prince of Wales	600	500	500	40	325
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	50	60	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Panjab Co	100	1,300	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	480
Volkart	..	1,000	all	60	570

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 / p.ct	200 / 150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bapty Co., Ld.	625	00	185	Nil	45
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld				6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co	750	500	500	10 p.c.	700
Bombay Ice Co. Ld	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	79
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,675
Do (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs.	770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	103
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500		...	..
Cooper madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nom
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	170
Geyer & Co. Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Ld	42,000	25	25		4½
Kurrachee Ligthe rage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co. Ld	4,000	200	175	Rs. 25½	363
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	70
Napier Hotel Co	300	10	100	13 p.c.	70
Do Foundry	500	100	100	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life As	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	200
Oriental Loan Asso	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Port Canning Co	6,000	000	1,000	Rs. 20	360
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	55
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin	1,000	...	98	...	80
Telephone and Co., Ld	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	11½
Treacher and Co., Ld	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour	000	1	12	Nil.	35
T M Mody & Co					80
Bhownuggor City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alfred Manufacture	1,000	500	500	15	100
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	20	410
Albert Edward Mills	1,000	500	500	20	175
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	55
Bellary S & W Co, Ld (Bellary)	871	500	all	25	500
Bombay United	900	1,300	1,000	25	625
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	600	500	500	25	390
Central India	3,750	500	500	45	800
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	40	810xd
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	510
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	10	575
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	15	425
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	900
Empress	2,100	500	all	15	465xd
Framjee Petit.	1,250	1,000	1,000	25	420
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	20	115
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	665xd
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	750
Howard and Bullooghs	1,500	500	500	15	460
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	715
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	25	350
Indian Manfg.	600	1,000	1,000	50	830
James Greaves.	1,100	500	500	15	510
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	350
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	7½	225
ewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	790
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	3	560
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	520
Leopold	3,500	100	100	5	146xd
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	680
Madras United.	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,850
Mahaluxmee	6.0	1,000	1,000	25	400
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	50	1,015
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	5	87½
Morarji Joculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	5	1,365
Maharaj Mysore & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	250
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	25	515
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	312½
People of India.	1,000	250	250	Nil.	65
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	50	900
Prince of Wales	1,250	600	1,350	Nil.	5 nom.
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,590
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,280
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	30	350
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	15	130
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	275
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	265
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	525
Syadesh Mills.	3,000	500	500	Nil.	255
Victoria Mills.	550	1,000	1,000	25	300
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	25	375
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	50	665
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	920xd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G I. P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranted 5 per cent	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	420

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 24th March 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·803
Temperature of the Air	81·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	73·2
Dew Point	67·9
Relative humidity of Air	·638
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	1·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	89·4
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	74·8
General Directions of Wind *a*	NNW, N, NNE, NW, NNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours *a*	419

a From midnight to midnight.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Illuminations and Fireworks.
Victoria Gardens, Flower and Horse and Cattle Show.
Conversazione, School of Art, 5 p.m.
Dinner at the Secretariat, 7-45 p.m.
Fair on the Esplanade.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 24th :—Ellora (s), from Calcutta. Yesterday :—Karazola (s), from Karachi ; Kangra (s), Antwerp and London ; Nowshera (s), Calcutta ; and Henry Balckow (s), Mauritius.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Mobile (s), for Aden and Mussowa ; Glendower (s), Liverpool ; Putiala (s), Rangoon and Moulmein ; Nuddea (s), Mombassa (s) and Walden Abbey (ship), Calcutta ; and Ailsacraig (s), Dunkirk.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Kangra entered ; and the s. s. Glendower and s. s. Mobile left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Mombassa left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The next China and Australian mails, per s. s. Thames, will be closed at the General Post Office, on Friday, the 28th instant, at 12 noon.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Bahrein, Bushire, Linga, and Busreh, per extra s.s. Busheer, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 3 p.m., to-day.

NOVELTY THEATRE.—The performances on Thursday and Friday evening are in behalf of local charities, and by the ease with which the tickets have been sold a good house may be expected, and thus reward the members of H. M. S. Boadica, for the labour they are taking to amuse the public of Bombay as well as to benefit our local institutions.

GAMBLING AT CAMMATEEPOORA.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Constable Good charged Poola Jessoo and Marooti Hunmanta, before Mr. P. Ryan, with being found gaming in a public thoroughfare at Cammateepoora, on Monday evening last, with cards and money. The two accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, were convicted. This being their first offence of this nature, they were fined Rs. 2 each.

SCHOLARSHIP AT BARODA.—Mr. Narandas Thackersey Mooljee has sent last year Rs. 600 in Government promissory loans, to the Director of Vernacular Instruction at Baroda, for establishing a scholarship in his late wife's name, Bai Navibai, at the Girls' School at Dwarka, and to be paid every year to the girl who came first in the annual examination ; and accordingly Jadow Jaikrishna, who came first in the recent examination held there, has been awarded the scholarship from August 1889 to January 1890.

THE INVITATION PARTY TO THE MILITARY OF BOMBAY AT THE SKATING RINK.—Last evening there was a good gathering of the Military of this Station at the Rink. There was an half-mile race between Private. W. Keniston, Band, 2nd Bn. Gloster Regt. ; and Corporal Foxall, of the Royal Artillery, Private Keniston winning by about half a lap. There is to be a grand night on Friday for the officers and men of the Royal Navy of the station, when a tug-of-war will be competed for, between the sailors and soldiers of Bombay on skates.

SUSPICIOUS CHARACTERS.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Stanford placed three men, Shaboodin Ismail, Rajmal Waggie, and Rhudra Munkhu, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged with loitering in a public place. It appeared that the accused had been hanging about the thickest part of the crowd who had collected at the People's Fair, on Monday evening. Several person made complaints regarding them. As they were well-known several previous convictions were proved against them, and they were sentenced to undergo one week's imprisonment each.

THEFT OF A COPPER-POT.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court, Ruckma Essoo, a fisherman, was charged by Inspector Guider before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a copper-pot, valued at Rs. 5, the property of a woman, named Savitree, from her residence at Gunpowder Road, Mazagon, on Monday last. The accused was observed by two neighbours of the complainant on Monday afternoon to enter her premises during her absence, and steal the copper vessel and run away with it. He was pursued, arrested, and handed over to the police with the stolen property in his possession. Ruckma Essoo, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

MUNICIPAL FEES.—Messrs. Meherjee Johnston and Co., auctioneers, sold on Monday, by public auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, by order of the Municipal Commissioner, the right to collect fair ground and feeding fees of the Bandora Slaughter Houses, for the ensuing year, to Khoja Fazal Peerbhoy, for Rs. 53,600, against Rs. 52,000, which were realized last year. The right of collecting squatter's fees of the Fort Market was sold to Kaloomall Kalichurn, for Rs. 1,650 against Rs. 1,620 in last year ; of the Arthur Crawford Market to Hajee Ahmed Aboo for Rs. 7,250 against Rs. 7,200 in last year ; of the Erskine Road Market, to Shiek Ahmed Imam, for Rs. 16,750 against Rs. 11,700 in last year; and of the Pedder Market, Mazagon, to Devraj Somjee for Rs. 1,650 against Rs. 1,590 in last year. The right of collecting fees of the Arthur Crawford Markets Municipal scale was sold to Rahmanbhoy Hoosenbhoy Bangwan for Rs. 3,400 against Rs. 2,550 in last year, showing an increase over the results of the sales last year.

AN UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Inspector Nolan brought up on remand Cassoo Narayen, a ship's labourer, and charged him before Mr. P. Ryan with voluntarily causing hurt to Francis Simon, a stevedore's foreman, at his residence in Nesbit Lane, Byculla, on the night of the 7th February last, by assaulting him with a bamboo stick. It appears on the night of the date in question, at about half-past 7 o'clock, Cassoo Narayen trespassed the premises of the complainant Francis, who is a Native Christian and a foreman of stevedore's labours working in the Bombay Docks. On Francis' sister Sarah, remonstrating with him, Cassoo kicked her. In the meanwhile Sarah's younger sister came up, when Cassoo threw a pillow at her, and bolted from the house. The little girl was sent at once to report the matter to the police. The complainant Francis Simon, who came into the house at half-past 8 o'clock was informed by his sisters what had happened. Francis, after taking off his coat, sat down at the doorway of his house, contemplating how he should act in the matter, when he saw Cassoo Narayen suddenly approach him with a bamboo stick and aim a blow at him. Francis put up his left hand to defend himself, when the blow struck against Francis' hand, and fractured the thumb. Francis, with the assistance of some of his neighbours and friends, seized Cassoo, and handed him over to the police, and Francis was taken to the J. J. Hospital where he been lying under treatment for a month and nine days, and where eventually the fractured thumb had to be amputated. Cassoo Narrayen was convicted, and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

SHAVING WIDOWS' HEADS.

A MEETING of the leading members of the barber community was held at the residence of a gentleman at Dongree, on Monday evening. It was very largely attended by respresentatives of the Joonarkars, Poonekars, Wayeekars, and the Gungthadees, and was the third meeting of its kind. The barbers were, to a man, convinced that it was necessary in future to refrain from shaving the heads of widows, and it did not cost the speakers much trouble to let them understand that the practice had not the support of the Shastras. They felt that any further continuation of the hateful custom was a slur on their manliness, and an encouragement given to a crying evil. The only difficulty that one of them suggested arose from the fact that although the discontinuation would be favorably received in large towns like Bombay, in villages and talukas where Brahminical supremacy was still recognised, it would be very strongly opposed, and the barber might run the chance of having his house burned through the instrumentality of the Kulkarnee, who was no friend of his. All that the barbers asked for was support in a case of such emergency, although they were shown that such a thing was an impossibility in these days of enlightenment and under the benign rule of Empress Victoria. It was resolved to hold a public meeting of the barbers in the *Maidan* on the 7th April next, when it is hoped a final blow will be dealt at the evil custom of shaving widows. After three cheers to Maharanee Victoria and to the success of the undertaking in which the helpless widows of the Maharashtra were concerned, the meeting was dissolved.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26.

8-30 p.m.—Special Service and Sermon by the Rev. H. Rountree.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Glendower, 1,650 tons, Captain J A Hodge, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Nudea, 1,932 tons, Captain J H Stafford, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Purnea, 2,156 tons, Captain T E Gillett, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Lalpoora, 2,139 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, sails to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Mombassa, 3,038 tons, Captain M Macfarlane, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Putiala, 1,956 tons, Captain H B Smith, sailed yesterday for Rangoon and Moulmein with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Ebro, 1,591 tons, Captain E Elliot, will sail to-day for Hull via Aden with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Ellora, 1,470 tons, Captain F Icely, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Ailsacraig 2,188 tons, Captain H Hazle, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk with a general cargo, Miss Kidston and Miss Duncan, as cabin passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Karagola, 597 tons, Captain J C Tice, will sail to-day for Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo, Mr George Albert Toonney and 65 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Nowshera, 1,938 tons, Captain A Liddiard, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, Revd Hunt Sapen and Mrs Wynie, as cabin and 29 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Busheer, 538 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. Hajee Ebraim, one native officer, one Hospital Assistant and 65 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kangra, 1,468 tons, Captain H M Ingram, arrived in harbour yesterday from Antwerp and London, via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col Williamson, Lieut Warden, and Miss C L Mesurier.

THE Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steam-ship Henry Balckow, 639 tons, Captain W. McAdam, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. Damoder Natu, Mr. Megji, Mr. Joseph, Mr. Wellington, and 27 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Karagola, 597 tons, Captain J C Tice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi via Kathiawar Coast with a general cargo and the following passengers—Mr W C McCleeland, Mr A W Seabrook, Miss Bunyer, Mr Bhurwandas, and 403 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MARCH 25.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Ebro	1591	Elliott	A	F Muir & Co
,, Swainby	1761	Lopp	B	
,, Mobile	916	Hughes	C	B & P S N Co
,, C. Graham	1911	Alex'derson	D	F Muir & Co.
,, S. Magellan	1707	Clark	F	F Muir & Co
,, Evelyn	1629	Steele	HJ	.....
,, Sandfield	1292	Murray	K	.....
,, Merida	1187	Wale	L	J Mackintosh & Co
,, Ailsacraig	2188	Hazell	M	
,, Glendower	1650	Hodge	N	J Mackintosh & Co.
,, Cuba	1301	Agnew	O	K Nixon & Co
,, Tanjore	1402	Raffin	P	H Cassim.
,, Trifels	1816	Schwarz	Q	.....
Ship Sir Lancelot	886	Collin	Q	V Ebrahim

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Thames	4113	Seaton	1	P & O Co
,, Persia	2317	Hutchinson	2	W. and Graham & Co.
,, D. Baldwin	3044	Cruciani	3	F Bozzoni
,, Lady Armstrong	1313	Abbott	5	W & A Graham & Co
,, Mombassa	...	Macfarlane	6	
,, Imperator	2441	Bechtinger	7	.....
,, Sapphire	1318	Robertson	8	.....
,, Liscard	1240	Campbell	10	
,, C. Tower	1905	Wilkin	12	Beyts Craig & Co
,, Wistow Hall	2138	Hughes	13	.....
,, Kt. of St. George	1933	Durant	16	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander	From
24	Ellora (s)	Icely	Calcutta, Mar. h 11.
25	Karagola (s)	Tice	Karachi, March 22.
	Kanara (s)	Ingram	Antwerp & London.
	Nowshera (s)	Liddiard	Calcutta, Feb 27.
	Henry Balckow (s)	McAdam	Mauritius, March 8.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
25	Mobile (s)	Hughes	Aden & Mussowa.
	Glendower (s)	Hodge	Liverpool.
	Putiala (s)	Smith	Rangoon, &c.
	Nudea (s)	Stafford	Calcutta.
	Ailsacraig (s)	Hazle	Dunkirk.
	Mombassa (s)	Macfarlane	Calcutta.
	Walden Abbey (sp)	Williams	Calcutta.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Thames, for China, &c.
,, Henry Bolckow, for Persian Gulf,

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Steamer Lalpoora, Livingstone, for Calcutta.
,, Purnea, Gillett, for Calcutta.
,, Karagola, Tice, for Karachi, &c.
,, Ebro, Elliot, for Hull.
,, Busheer, Rothwell, for Persian Gulf.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 22.

Jones, Surgn, Bo, M S., Staff, H R H Prince Albert Victor.

MARCH 24.

Cartwright, Lieut, Bo, 6th Bo Cavalry, on sick leave, from Jacobabad.
Hibber, Col, Bo, Asstt Com Genl, on leave, from Poona.
Marrett, Capt, Bengal Commissariat, on duty, from Hissar.
Carthew-Yorstoun, Lieut, Bo, Poona Horse, on leave, from Sirur.

MARCH 25.

Thatcher, Capt, Bo, Dy A A for Musketry, on duty, from Gadichee.
Cowan, Capt and Bt Major, Bengal, R H A, on leave. to England, from Umballa.
Lindsay, Capt, Bengal, 2nd Battn Rifle Brigade, on duty from Jallunder.
Persse, Lieut, 2nd D Gds, on leave, from Sialkote.
Snow, Lieut, Bengal, W Regt, on leave, to England, from Mianmeer.
Whippin, Lieut, Bengal, on leave, to England, from Mianmeer.
Donnell, Capt, Bo, Pol. Dept, on leave, to England.
Williamson, Col, Bengal, R1 W Regt, on duty, from England.
Phillipson, Lieut, Bengal, 7th D. Gds, on leave, to England, from Umballa.
Beenard, 2nd Lt, Bengal, 2nd Devonshire Regt, ordered to England, from Rawalpindi.
Taylor, Major, Bengal, 1st E Surrey Regt, to proceed to England, from Calcutta.
Hodgkinson, Capt, Bo, on leave, from Kamptee.
Digby, Sergt, Bengal, PWD, on leave, from Meerut.
Saulez, Capt, Bo, 20th Bo, I, on privilege leave, from Deesa.

DEPARTURES—MARCH 24.

Hunter, Surgn, Bo, M8, on duty, to Deolali.
Saulez, Capt, Bo, 20th Bo 1, on leave, to Australia.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding Bo. Vol. R. Corps.
Bombay, 26th March, 1890.

1. The Regiment will parade at 7 o'clock this morning at the Cruickshank Road end of Parade Ground. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N.-C. officers detailed for that purpose. Cadets will be conveyed in special Tram cars this morning as follows :—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 6. a.m.

St. Mary's School :—Two double cars leave Victoria Gardens at 6 a.m.

2. The Regiment will parade for General Inspection on Saturday next, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m. at the Cruickshank Road end of Parade Ground. All members are requested to attend or obtain leave of absence. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from Parade will be paid on application to Company N.-C. officers detailed for that purpose.

Cadets will be conveyed in special Tram cars on Saturday, the 29th inst., as follows :—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School.—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3 p.m.

St. Mary's School.—Two double cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3 p.m.

3. The class of instruction for Proficiency certificates will assemble at Head-Quarters at 5-30 p.m. on Thursday, the 27th inst.

4. Non-Commissioned Officers and Volunteers wishing to fire for "F. "Co. Prizes must do so on Friday and Saturday next, 28th and 29th inst.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

5. Under Rule 15 of the Regulation of the Corps, the following parades preparatory to Inspection are ordered for all members:—This morning and to-morrow, Thursday, at 7 a. m., Squadron parade on the Kennedy Sea Face. Swords and carbines.

6. The Squadron will parade at 6-30 a.m. on Saturday next, the 29th instant, on the Kennedy Sea Face for the Annual Inspection. Every member must attend unless he obtains special leave of absence.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain, and
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.
Bombay, 26th March 1890.

1. There will be Gun drill in the Arsenal Compound every morning during the remainder of the week to enable those who have not completed their drills to do so.

2. The No. 1 Sub-division (Fort), Gun competition detachment will meet for drill as follows:—Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday mornings in the Arsenal Compound at 6-45 a. m. Tuesday and Friday evenings, Head Quarters, at 6-30 p. m.

3. It is notified for information that the Wheal Cup Competition and the proficiency examination will take place on Saturday afternoon next. Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-30 p.m. Dress :—Uniform and Helmets with ball, badge and chin chain. Members of the proficiency class to parade with arms and accoutrements.

4. Leave of absence is granted to the following member : Gr. J. Graham, six months, from the 26th instant.

5. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Battery from the 21st instant :—No. 169 Gr. Howard Wodham.

By order,
A. LESLIE, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

GENERAL ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, March 14th.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments :

Station Staff, Ranikhet.—Captain F S W Raikes, 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade, to be Station Staff Officer, vice Captain Beresford, whose tenure of the appointment has expired.

7th Bengal Cavalry.—Captain A Mc W Renny, Squadron Commander, to be 2nd-in-Command, sub pro tem, vice Chalmers, seconded for employment as a Remount Agent.

Captain F G Pollock, Squadron Commander, to move in grade succession, vice Renny.

Captain W C Pollard, Squadron Commander, to move up in grade succession, vice Pollock.

Lieutenant H A Merewether, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander, sub pro tem, vice Pollard.

Lieutenant J K Tod, Supernumerary on the establishment of the Regiment, to be Squadron Officer, vice Merewether.

27th Punjab Infantry.—Lieutenant C W O'Bryen, Wing Officer and Quarter Master, to be Adjutant, vice Reid, vacated on promotion to Captain.

Lieutenant W H Millar, Wing Officer, to be Quarter Master, vice O'Bryen.

Captain A J Hughes, Royal Artillery, is directed to proceed from Rawal Pindi to England, on appointment as Instructor in Gunnery at Dover.

Captain W J Hicks, Royal Artillery, is directed to proceed from Agra to England, on appointment as Adjutant to the Auxiliary Forces.

Lieutenant A G V Chichester, 1st Battalion Connaught Rangers, is detailed for duty at the Regimental Depot, vice Chamier.

Lieutenant G J D Browne, 1st Battalion Leinster Regiment, is detailed for duty at the Regimental Depot vice Evans-Lombe.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, 2nd Lieutenant E E Bernard, 2nd Battalion Devonshire Regiment, is directed to proceed to England, at his own expense, for employment with the Army Service Corps.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant :

2nd Lieut F H Moline, 2nd Lieut M T Elderton, 2nd Lieut A Hodson-Cooke, 2nd Lieut G de H Smith, East Surrey Regiment.

Military Works Department.—Captain F H Kelly, Royal Engineers, is transferred from the Agra to the Karachi Division, Military Works.

Captain M L Tuke, Royal Engineers is transferred from the Quetta to the Agra Division, Military Works.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England :

Royal Artillery—Major A H Callwell, No. 6 Battery Western Division, from 15th March to 11th November 1890, on private affairs.

1st Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers—Lieutenant W C Hall, for six months, on private affairs.

2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry—Lieutenant C E Noyes, for twelve months, on private affairs.

2nd Battalion South Wales Borderers—2nd Lieutenant F S Marquis, for five months, on urgent private affairs.

Rifle Brigade—Lieutenant A G Ferguson, for six months, on private affairs.

7th Dragoon Guards—Lieutenant R W Burton-Phillipson, for twelve months, on private affairs.

1st Battalion East Surrey Regiment—Major G H Leathem, for twelve months, on private affairs.

2nd Battalion Scottish Rifles—Lieutenant C R C Ellis, for twelve months, on private affairs.

2nd Battalion Wiltshire Regiment—Lieutenant E C Eicke, for twelve months, on private affairs.

2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment—Captain G E G W Bird, for nine months, on private affairs.

Medical Staff—Surg. Major H G Gardner, M B, for six months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence : 29th Punjab Infantry—Lieut W S Eardley-Howard to Murree, for six months, to study the native languages, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, March, 15.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments.

5th Bengal Light Infantry.—Lieutenant E. V. Martin, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation.

37th Dogras.—Captain W. D. Gordon, Wing Officer, 36th Sikhs, to be officiating Wing Commander with effect from date of joining, vice Mills, officiating as 2nd-in-Command, 35th Sikhs.

Colonel C.L. Harvey, District Staff Officer, 1st class, is posted to the Peshawar District.

Captain R L A Pennington, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, is posted to the 7th Circle.

Surgeon-Major C F Pollock, MB, Medical Staff, is granted leave to England, on medical certificate, the period of which will be fixed by his Royal Highness the Commander- in-Chief

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England :—

Royal Horse Artillery.—Captain and Brevet Major H. V. Cowan, Adjutant, Royal Artillery, Sirhind District, for six months, on urgent private affairs.

2nd Dragoon Guards.—2nd Lieutenant E. W. L. Urquhart, for two hundred and eighty days, on medical certificate.

2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment.—Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel H. P. L'E. St. George, one hundred and ten days, on urgent private affairs.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence : 15th Sikhs.—Lieutenant F. E. Bradshaw, to Murree and Kashmir, on private affairs, from the 15th April to 15th October 1890, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, March 22.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Mr. E. H. Ruddock is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 11th April, 1890.

MEDICAL.

Deputy Surgeon-General W. R. Rice, M. D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, to be Surgeon-General and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, *vice* Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., K.C.I.E., who retires from the service on

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Club of Western India, Poona. Sample tins of 4 lbs. obtainable at the offices of PHIPSON & Co.

STEPHENS' INKS.—If you want to buy STEPHENS' GENUINE INKS of every description go to HUSSUNALLY ABDOOLALLY'S Bombay Stationary Mart, Victoria Buildings, opposite *Times of India* Buildings.

WANTED.—Second hand GAS or WATER PIPES 1½ inch diameter. Iron rods one inch or one and a half in diameter. State price to X. Z. Care of this Office.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watche and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR, C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97 Medows Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Peroshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

REPORTER WANTED for an English Daily. Apply "B.," care of this office.

FOR SALE.—SEVERAL THEATRICAL DRESSES. Will suit admirably for Fancy DRESS Ball or Carnival, all in good Condition and cheap. Apply No. 1. English Hotel.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

COME AND SEE!—Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED AT ONCE.—Good MUNSHI to prepare a Military Officer, for H. S. Examination Hindustani. Apply to 101, Watson's Hotel.

WANTED, a Smart Energetic PARTNER with Ten to Twenty Thousand. Address No. 100, care of this Office.

SALESMEN WANTED, to influence business in Soft Goods and Chow Chow. Only persons with good experience need apply to "X. Y. Z," Care of this Office.

WANTED by a Band Master a SITUATION in a Native Regiment or State. Apply to B. P. S. H. care of F. S. Braganca, Omerkadi by Post Office Bombay.

PEARSE'S REFRESHMENT BUFFET is on the left of the Main entrance to the Fair.

PERAMBULATORS, BASSINETTES, and Invalids' Bath Chairs. Just unpacked a large stock. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PANCHGANI TO LET,—Prospect HOUSE and YELLOW ROSE COTTAGE both well Situated and furnished within easy reach of Church, High School, and Library.—WILLIAM SPIERS, House Agent.

DON'T FAIL to pay a visit to our Refreshment Room at the Fair where all varieties of ices, wines and spirits of the best quality are to be had at the usual price as in Cauvch Gate Street, at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY.

A LADY RETURNING to ENGLAND in May would act as companion or otherwise in return for a free passage (P. & O. 2nd class). Apply "G. L." St. Mary's School, Poona,

MRS. CREAGH, DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE and LADIES' MONTHLY NURSE, will be glad to accept any Orders for the above. Up-country no objection. Address—FEMALE WORKSHOPS, Grant Road.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents, (Established 1871,) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 49, Meadow Street, Bombay.

TO LET.—Second floor and two newly built shops of House, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort. Apply next door to FURDOONJEE MERWANJEE BANAJEE.

TO LET from April 1st, excellent SUITE of ROOMS on Colaba Causeway. Apply Mr. HASUM MIA AHMED, or Tenant, second floor, No. 6, Colaba Causeway,

JUST RECEIVED.—FRESH SWISS MILK the "MILKMAID" Brand. Apply to ALLYBHOY SUMSOODEEN, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

HORSE FOOD.—A thoroughly clean, wholesome, and very cheap food is prepared by BAPTY BROTHERS, Ld., Delivered ready for use. Prices on pplication.

ROSES and other choice FLOWERS of the season, carefully packed and forwarded by rail. THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEYS, perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.—A fine collection just to hand, suitable to every one. Prices moderate.—MORENAS & Co., 15, Meadow Street.

SOILED LINEN BAGS.—For the Voyage or Railway. Stout Brown Canvas, Iron Frames and Strong Locks, Rs. 4-8 and Rs. 5-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

ARRIVED by LAST MAIL.—A New Supply of Tunes to the Patent Aristons at Rs. 10 per dozen. Hindoostanee Tunes also to be had.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

PEARSE is now sending DIGESTIVE BREAD to all parts of the Island, 12 loaves per rupee. Send your orders please.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.—A NEW BAKERY just established back of the late Mr. Freeborn's Mill, Falkland Road. Bread made of American Flour, 12 for one rupee. Apply to.—M. HEARSCH.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE Available. Rooms light and airy combined with good table and cleanliness. Apply 2 Clare Road Byculla. Terms moderate.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

LAND to Lease for building a Bungalow, on Cleveland Hill, Worlee, open on all sides and facing the sea. For terms apply to "J. B.," Dhun-Mills Office.

A ROAMER TRICYCLE.—Cost new Rs. 330 2 months ago.—Owner going home, will part with it for Rs 275. Also a second-hand TANDUM. Cost new £45 offered for Rs. 300 net. To be seen at Messrs. MARCKS and Co, Ld., Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A handsome pair of Iron grey HUNGARIAN HORSES, sound quiet, showy, fast and thoroughly broken in single and double harness. Height 15¼ aged 5 and 6 years. To be seen at one day's notice at R Scott & Co.'s Stables.

CARE OF CHILDREN IN ENGLAND.—The wife of a Physician residing in Brighton, England, will be happy to TAKE CHARGE of YOUNG CHILDREN, from two years and upwards, requiring a mother's care. Highest references given and required Address PHYSICIAN, Care of STREET & Coy, 30, Cornhill, London, England.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

CLEARANCE SALE of Surplus Stock of very Rare and Useful Books in all Branches of Literature at Reduced prices. No reasonable offers refused. Splendid opportunity to form ones own LIBRARY HORMUSJI SORABJI and Co., Booksellers, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—*Continued.*

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ba liwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Batliwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillips and Co., at Re. 1 each.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 5.—Postage 4 annas *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

IT is hereby notified for general information that on WEDNESDAY, the 26thinstant, the following will be the route for the PROCESSION of CARRIAGES of persons desiring to SEE the illuminations:—

Entering the Mayo Road from the Band Stand and passing between the Post Office and the Public Works Building along the Esplanade Main Road, along the Cruickshank Road, along the Hornby and Esplanade Main Roads to the Apollo Pier, around the Refreshment Room, along the new Road passing the Apollo Hotel, the Young Men's Christian Association, into he Mayo Road again.

The public are informed that the Esplanade Main Road from the Money School to the Post Office will be closed to wheel traffic going South, and the Hornby Road from the Apollo Pier to the Victoria Terminus to wheel traffic going North, between the hours of 7 p.m. and midnight.

The Public residing about Dhobi Talao, Girgaum, Chowpatti and the surrounding districts desirous of viewing the illuminations are advised to drive along the Queen's Road to the Band Stand, and those residing in the localities of the Market, Mumbadevi, Mandvi, Byculla, past the Crawford Market to the Victoria Terminus or along the Frere Road to the Apollo Pier.

W. H. WILSON, Co'onel,
Commissiner of Police.

Police Commissioner Office, Bombay, 24th March, 1890.

Approved and Confirmed by order of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

J. J. HEATON,
For Ag. Secretary to Government

NOTICE.

ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT, the 26th instant, the East side of "Rotten Row" will be utilized for the parking of CARRIAGES of those persons desiring to view the FIREWORKS on KENNEDY SEA FACE. They will enter from the Band Stand end, and will leave by an exit near the Church Gate Street Station.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 25th March, 1890.

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

THE FOURTEENTH SERIES of the Wilson Philological Lectures falls to be DELIVERED in BOMBAY in the first, or cold weather, Term of 1890-91.

SUBJECT:—"LATIN AND GREEK LANGUAGES, AND THE LITERATURE IN WHICH THEY ARE EMBODIED."

The Series will consist of not fewer than six Lectures.

The Honorarium is nearly Rupees one Thousand.

The Candidates for Lectureship are invited to send in their applications to the undersigned on or before the first day of June next.

By order
D. MACDONALD, M.D., B.Sc., C.M.,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 22nd March, 1890.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.,

L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,

SURGEON-OBSTETRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON.

Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and Hospital for Diseases of Women, London,

CAN BE CONSULTED FOR

DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE AND THROAT,

From 3 to 5 p.m.

10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST.

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.

DENTAL SURGEON.

HAS REMOVED

from Medows Street to

ESPLANADE ROAD.

(next to National Bank of India) and Malabar Hill Road.

THE EXCELSIOR BILLIARD CUSHIONS on the new PATENT LOW PRINCIPLE are now being made by BY JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., LD. and can be supplied at the same price, as those made on the old principle. Price Lists free on application to,

JOHN ROBERTS AND Co., LD.
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
AND PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
18, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY,

S. N. KOYAJI'S

AID TO THE STUDY OF ALGEBRA.

With Testimonial from Messrs. HALL and KNIGHT, Authors of the Elementary and the Higher Algebra, and many other Professors.

MR. HALL says:—You seem to have gone most elaborately through the text of Todhunter and our own Book, and I do not know that there is a single essential point overlooked by you. If an Indian student cannot master the elements of Algebra after reading your book, he must abandon the study as one very unprofitable.

Mr. KNIGHT, says:—The explanation are very clear and the illustrations well chosen. In particular the Section on Symmetry, p. 15, on article No. 307 on p. 97, and p 190 are valuable additions to existing text books. I wish the Book the great success that it certainly merits. . . . I ought to ad i that many of the solutions of the Examination Papers are remarkably ingenious and worthy of attentive perusal.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomica appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair Share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed,

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 25.

SIX lakhs of extra Wire Transfers on Bombay were allotted by the Indian Council yesterday at 1s. 5 1-32d., which is the extreme rate obtained at the extra sales last Friday. Bar Silver remained at 43⅞d. per oz; and Friday's quotations are repeated for each denomination. Consols were unchanged at 97⅜; and Indian Sterling Loan at 107¼. The market rates of discount were ⅜ per cent. lower for short London Bills, and ⅛ per cent. down for six months' sight Indian Bank Paper, the quotation being now 2⅜ per cent. all round. Paris quotations come unaltered.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady last evening, Surats quiet; the total Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 600 Surats. The price of Mid.-American remained at 6¼d., and East Indian Cotton was quite unchanged in value; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. lower in the more distant positions, though unaltered for March and March-April deliveries, at 6 3-32d. for March, to 6 3-16d. for July-August.

Following heavier receipts at the American Ports, there was a decline of 1-16 cent in the spot price in New York yesterday at 11 7-16 cents, while June Futures were 8 points lower, at 11·40 cents. The Receipts were 9,000 bales, and the figures from the beginning of the season now give the following comparison with those of the preceding two years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Monday's Receipts	9,000	11,000	6,000
Two days' do.	14,000	18,000	11,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889.....	5,507,000	5,166,000	5,069,000

The general feeling in our local Cotton market to-day has been quiet, and only a small business has again been transacted, the total purchases again summing up about 1,000 bales. Of these half were Pachora, at Rs. 174; the balance being made up of Bengal at Rs. 190-3½; Julgaum at Rs. 196; and a little Dharwar, at Rs. 226 per candy. Prices were unaltered, except in the case of Broach, which may be called Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy higher.

WHEAT.—A return of the previous activity led to a considerable business being done in this market to-day, and the tone was firm at closing, but without quotable change in rates.

SEEDS have also been active, and transactions have been upon a comparatively large scale, prices, however, having been quoted as before all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton.....	21,682 bales.
Wheat	20,295 cwts.
Linseed	33,284 "
Rapeseed.....	20,588 "
Gingelly	8,880 "
Ground nuts.....	2,954 "
Castor seed.....	2,499 "

FREIGHTS are quiet, with little demand for ready tonnage, and rates weak, if not actually lower. For early April loading, a Clan liner has been berhted for Liverpool with part cargo of Seed and Wheat at 22s. 6d., and Cotton at 23s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened with a firm feeling again this morning, and at one time Bank Demand Paper for the mail was available at 1s. 5 3-32d.; but there were few buyers of Bank remittance in any position. Few Merchants' Bills came out, however, and a quieter feeling prevailed at closing, with rates for ready business unaltered, but for forward rather easier. We quote the former as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand.....	1s. 5d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 1-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight...	1s. 5⅛d.	"
Credits do.	1s. 5⅛d.	"
Francs do.	1·81½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been pretty steady all day at 99⅝ for Fours for cash, the quotation from Calcutta having come at 99⅝, and at 99 11-16 for the settlement at the end of this month; the quotation for the April account having been 100⅛. The rate for 4½ per cents. is now 100⅞ nominal.

SHARES keep very quiet in all lines, and the only changes which we have to notice in our list this evening are a decline of Rs. 20 in Jamshed Cotton Mill shares; of Rs. 10 in Queen; and of Rs. 5 in Luckmidas; and an advance of Rs. 2½ in Jamshed Manufacturing. Bank of Bengal shares are Rs. 10 down at Rs. 980 per share.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, MARCH 25.

The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s. s. Labourdonnais left here for Bombay, *via* Kurrachee, at 11 a.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 24.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera.....	4 11-16d.
The Manchester Market quiet.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3½d.
8½ " "	6-6d.
40s Mule Twist	9¾d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight..	1s. 4 9-16d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account....	97⅞
3 per cent. French Rentes.....	87¾
4 per cent. Rupee paper.....	70½
4½ per cent. "	71⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
Bar Silver	43⅛d. per oz.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

MARCH 25.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Private telegrams in code or cypher for Khartonou (Porto Novo), on the West Coast of Africa, are prohibited.

Mauritius mail closes at Zanzibar on noon of the 30th inst.

Moulmein route to Siam right.

Mail for Mauritius closes at Durban at eleven on Thursday morning the 27th inst.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 25th March 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	25	4	52	2	42
Teheran	25	7	55	...	31
Suez	25	7	51	...	21

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 25th March 1890.

	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	25	...	3
" Kurrachee ...	...	9	...	1
" Madras...	...	57	...	1

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, MARCH 24.

10 p.m.	79·0

TUESDAY, MARCH 25.

6 a.m.	76·4
10 a.m.	84·5
2 p.m.	85·3
4 p.m.	83·9

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1890.

THE ceremony which was performed at Trombay yesterday afternoon by Prince Albert Victor was, in one sense, the most important and interesting episode in his visit to Bombay. It signalised the solution of a problem which has long hung heavily upon the responsibility of the city, and which, but for the Prince's visit, might still have awaited solution for some time to come. It is no doubt true that sooner or later a Leper Hospital, adequate to the wants of the city, would have been provided. Public opinion has been a roused to the necessity of such an institution; and Imperial legislation would soon have insisted upon it even if the Municipal law had not already by implication directed that the city should take care of its lepers in common with all other sufferers from diseases likely to be dangerous to the public health. But the imminence of the Prince's visit stimulated the stream of private generosity, and gave a fortuitous opportunity for the commencement of the beneficent undertaking with which the name of Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit is to be associated. Once again history repeats itself. There must have been some amongst the company assembled yesterday afternoon at Trombay who recalled how, in 1876, the presence of the Prince of Wales in Bombay seemed a fit opportunity for establishing a Leper Asylum in this city. Dr. Vandyke Carter, whose services in the cause of medical science have once again been acknowledged here within the past few days, working on one line, and the present President of the Municipality on another, all but succeeded in persuading the public to commemorate the visit of the Heir-Apparent by the establishment of a Leper Asylum. For reasons which need not be now gone into, the project did not immediately take root. Out of two-and-a-half lakhs which were required for the foundation of the charity two lakhs were promised. The promise was made contingent upon the balance being forthcoming, and this condition was never realized. But though time has been lost, the efforts that were made fourteen years ago to awaken the public to the claims of the leper population have not been thrown away. The Prince of Wales took away with him a vivid impression of the suffering and danger to the public health that the presence of so many lepers in our midst involved, and we cannot doubt that his Bombay reminiscences had their part in determining him to take up, as he did last year, in the name of universal charity, the cause of the lepers all over the world.

Here again the direct and constant service that the members of the reigning House can do to all good causes finds a beneficent illustration. Just as the telling words uttered by the Duke of Connaught in Bombay a few nights ago have awakened an imperial interest in the defences of the second city of the Empire, so the interest which the Prince of Wales has shown in the relief of leprosy, aided as it has been by Prince Albert Victor's presence in the country where, as was remarked yesterday, it has "its endemic home," has effectually awakened public sympathy for the sufferers, and has already been fruitful in personal sacrifice and munificence. Of the munificence of which the firstfruits were seen yesterday it is impossible to speak too highly. It is a manifestation of civic virtue in its best form, and it abundantly deserved the cordial recognition which it met with. It is not inappropriate to say that the ratepayers of Bombay, no less than the lepers who will find a refuge there, will profit largely from the munificent Baronet's philanthropy, for he has relieved the city of a charge which, if it did not arise inferentially out of the Municipal Act of 1888, would certainly be imposed upon us by early legislation. Section 424 of the Act empowers the removal to hospital of vagrant and homeless people suffering from a disease dangerous to the public health. This obligation implies, if it is be made effective, a correlative obligation to make the provision necessary for the reception and treatment of cases of this kind. A recently issued Government Order declared leprosy to be a dangerous disease, and indicated the Allbless Home at Trombay, and the Lepers' Hospital at Ratnagheri, as recognized institutions for the reception of sufferers from that malady. But the Allbless Asylum, though, within its means, it has done excellent work, accommodates about twenty patients, and has not room for many more; while for the necessities of Bombay City the Ratnagheri institution is too far away to be in any degree available. The accommodation of the leper population of Bombay is in any case a large question. The census return put that population at about four hundred; the police estimate puts it at close upon five hundred, of whom ninety per cent. are beggars, in other words, of the class who are necessarily the most potent agents in the dissemination of the contagion amongst the community. But Dr. Blaney, who spoke yesterday from a wide experience in connection with the subject, drew a much more alarming estimate of the prevalence of the malady, citing the evidence of a Hindu Doctor who assured him that on the occasion of a recent religious gathering in Bombay he saw no fewer than fifteen hundred lepers assembled together. If this is only approximately correct it indicates the presence of a widespread danger in our midst, for whether these people are birds of passage or settled residents in the city they must be, considering the habits and the habitat of religious mendicants, easy distributors of the mischief that they bring with them.

From again the vital factor in the problem—the vagrant leper—presents himself, and once more we have to urge the Government of India not to delay any more than they can help the passage of legislation which shall leave in no doubt the power of the local authorities in regard to the detention of lepers and the making provision for their maintenance. The Viceroy's Government, who, since their unfortunate and inconclusive resolution of 1888 was subjected to criticism in the Indian press, have awakened to a larger conception of their duties in the matter, have, we know, instituted careful inquiries, administrative and scientific, and when the Bill introduced into the Supreme LegislativeCouncil last summer is proceeded with it will be in the light of fuller information than has hitherto been available. But it is to be hoped that no long interval will be allowed to elapse before the measure is further proceeded with and finally passed into law. We urge this for the simple reason that it will be of vital importance that when institutions like that of which the foundation-stone was laid yesterday are ready for the reception of inmates the action of the local authorities should not be hampered by any dubious views as to the power of detention, and so on. This is the third leper asylum which will date its foundation from the auspicious visit of Prince Albert Victor to India. The fact betokens the awakening of Indian society to a lively and practical interest in the cause of the leper, and local opinion will look with more than approval upon the enterprise inaugurated yesterday. Some misgivings have been expressed as to the appropriateness of the site chosen for the building. It might, perhaps, have been further away from the prosperous-looking village through whose gaily garnished street the visitors passed yesterday. But those who have thought that plans for the future extension of Bombay might be hampered by the choice need not be alarmed. It is far away from any land that the makers of a new residential suburb are likely to cast their eyes upon, and the presence of a great and beneficent leper asylum in Trombay village is not likely to stand in the way of the solution of the "Problems of Greater Bombay" which the most prescient Extension Committee is likely to have to face for some time to come.

THE *Pioneer* comments in terms of approval upon a scheme which Colonel Rivett-Carnac, the energetic Volunteer Officer to whom the idea of a Volunteer Reserve is due, has devised for utilizing the services of Volunteer Light Horse. Hailing, as he does, from Ghazipore, he has some reason to believe in the value of that branch of the volunteer service, for the Ghazipore Light Horse not long since gained the thanks of the Government of the North-West Provinces, and special mention in the Administration Report, for having kept the peace between Hindu and Mussulman factions eager to fly at each other's throats. Colonel Rivett-Carnac takes a very practical view of the services of mounted volunteers. There are things that they can do, and things that, with the best desire in the world, they cannot do, and these, determined as they mostly are by peculiarities of civilian life and occupation in India, every wise commanding officer will know better than to strive after. It is submitted that from mofussil corps, such as the Gorakhpore and the Ghazipore Light Horse, scattered as they are over wide districts, and in addition prevented by the claims of duty from frequent attendance at head-quarters, too much should not be expected, and that to brigade them with regular cavalry at a distance from their districts would be a mistake. So far as this is meant to discourage the idea that parade-ground excellences are the only points that mounted volunteers should strive after, it is true enough. When opportunities do occur, however, of brigading a volunteer with regular cavalry, they should be made use of. These, as was shown in the recent drills in Bombay, in which the Light Horse was enabled to drill with the Poona Horse and the Governor's Body-Guard, are appreciated by the men. They tend to smartness and rapidity of movement, and in leading the volunteers to emulate the regulars in all that makes the difference between volunteers and regulars, they give the former an interest in their work, and undoubtedly do good. But this, valuable though it is, should be regarded as of secondary importance. As volunteer cavalry are never likely to appear in masses on any field, the perfection of their movements in masses is rather an ideal to be thought of than an end to be practically attained, and seeing that in individual intelligence a volunteer force can usually be relied on to have an advantage over regulars it is in that direction that the faculties of a corps should be more especially developed. Whatever a corps of volunteer horsemen may be ignorant of, they ought, one and all, to know the country around their stations better than any regular troops who in time of emergency are as likely to serve in their district. If any hunting men are amongst them, their reconnaissance work is so much the more certain to be smartly and knowingly done, and to be of so much the more value to the regular force, who above all things would need prompt, searching, and thorough information. Of course it is not in the light of nature alone that work of this kind needs to be done. Reconnaissance duty is an art, in the pursuance of which eye and hand and intelligence have to be trained to serve its special requirements. Colonel Rivett-Carnac's scheme has this in view, its immediate object being to encourage amongst the Gorakhpur and Ghazipore Light Horsemen the practice of reconnoitring and reporting upon the country in accordance with the recognized rules of the intelligence department. To begin with, a road survey will be undertaken, a length of ten miles having been set out on which a report and rough map will have to be sent in by each competitor. The example here set may be commended to volunteer cavalry in all parts of India. It at least indicates one direction in which efficiency can most profitably be sought. The difference between the right and the wrong ideal is summed up by Colonel Rivett-Carnac in these words:—"It is on the knowledge of the ins-and-outs of the locality in which he resides, of the roads, the nullahs, the fords, the encamping-grounds; on his acquaintance with people, their resources, and their temper, that his real value as a scout and for reconnaissance work will mainly depend. When forming part of a regiment in a strange country his usefulness will be limited to the work of an ordinary trooper. Working in his own district, in a country known to him, the intelligent and active trooper will be invaluable to the commander of any force, who has to find and feel his way, to feed his men, and to collect, carry, and protect his supplies." This is a statement of the case which it would be difficult to improve upon.

THE suggestion has been made, and the time is not remote when it will have to be carefully considered on its merits, that the Peshin railway from Quetta should be carried northwards to join the Russian system of railways, and thus connect India by railway with Europe. A proposal to bring India into railway communication with the Russian territories in Central Asia was made nearly twelve years ago at Simla by General Abramoff. He professed to urge it on the ground that by bringing the two Empires into actual contact the fears and jealousies natural while they were at a distance, and did not know each other intimately, would disappear, and he dwelt on the fact that in Europe nations which had good reason to distrust each other had not deemed that the construction of railways across the frontier in any way added to the danger of collision, but rather by promoting trade and accustoming the citizens of different countries to become acquainted with each other. He urged that the Government of India should make choice of the geographical point where the two railway systems should meet, fixing it at Kandahar or even at Herat, and that there by a convention it should be arranged that neither Power should keep on the line for two hundred miles from the junction more rolling stock than would suffice for the two trains per diem and that the number of troops within the same zone should be defined and kept down to such strength as would suffice for purposes of police. At the two hundred miles limit in each case the respective Powers would keep a brigade or any other force that might be agreed upon, and take such measures as would be sufficient or desirable to guard against a *coup de main* from the corresponding force four hundred miles distant. In this way a feeling of entire security would grow up which would lead to friendship and trade, and the mutual distrust engendered by the conditions hitherto prevailing would disappear. This plausible way of looking at the matter did not recommend itself to those whom General Abramoff addressed. At that time the Indian railways had not reached Quetta, and the Khojak tunnel was not, as it is now, practically completed. On the other side General Annenkoff's ideas, which were deemed impracticable by his own countrymen, had not been realised, the railway had not been carried to Askabad, to Merv, to Charjui, and to Samarkand. The hour has not even yet come to consider such a scheme from the point of view of practical politics, though the engineering difficulties are no longer so forbidding. M. Victor de Lesseps had preceded General Abramoff in India by some years with a scheme for direct railway communication over the Karorkorum Passes to Central Asia and so to Europe. When in Bombay he set forth the plan in considerable detail. The estimate was £30,000,000—just three million sterling less than the estimate for the Siberian railway which the Czar has recently sanctioned. M. de Lesseps, junior, was certainly justified in answering an objector that the capital required was prohibitive by the statement that capitalists are no longer frightened by large totals. The question is first whether the railway will find or create traffic that will pay a dividend; if not, are the advantages to be derived sufficient to induce a Government or Governments to guarantee a dividend. Under the conditions now existing the £30,000,000 contemplated by the Lesseps—for the creator of the Suez Canal was represented in this matter by his son—would be reduced to some two millions or less. The financial difficulty, like the engineering, has become largely reduced by the efflux of time. The political question alone remains for examination and such solution as events or the sagacity of statesmen may provide.

DINNER at the Bombay Club to-night will be at 7-45 sharp, so as to enable guests to get away early for the illuminations. Evening dress not necessary.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NAWAB OF RADHANPORE, in company with Col. and Mrs. Nutt, Political Agent, and H. H.'s Minister, visited the *Bombay Gazette* Printing Offices yesterday, and expressed themselves much interested.

WE would call the attention of our readers to the carefully detailed route which Colonel Wilson has arranged for this evening for the convenience of persons wishing to view the illuminations. Information for the guidance of all parties is given in an offical advertisement which appears over the editional column.

A FEW weeks before their departure from India Mr. B. M. Malabari asked their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught if they would give their consent to his sending Rs. 600 to the Lawrence School at Mount Abu, for prizes to be given in their names every year to the girl and boy who distinguished themselves in physical exercises. Their Royal Highnesses responded in very cordial terms, and the Duke and Duchess of Connaught prizes, which were founded before their departure, have been gratefully accepted by the managing committee of the school.

MR. THEODORE BECK, of Aligarh, relates the following incident in illustration of the ignorance of the Indian peasantry on political matters:—I remember putting some young peasants through a political catechism, commencing with the question "Who is Mr. Gladstone?" A bewildered stare was the only answer. This was followed by "Who is the Viceroy, the Lieutenant-Governor, the Collector, the Tahsildar?" But still there was no reply. Then I asked "Who are the policemen?" "Oh, there are three policemen," was the immediate reply, "Mahomed Bakhsh, Govind Singh, and Yusuf Khan."

MR. SAMUEL SMITH, M.P., in answering an objection to a statement which he had made in the House of Commons, concerning the profits of the Bombay cotton mills, writes:—

What I did say was that some of these mills had made as much as 30 to 40 per cent., which was perfectly true last year, as I saw the list of dividends and profits made; and some of them reached those figures. It is quite true that at present there is a surfeit of production in Bombay, owing to the extraordinarily rapid increase of machinery; and this year will not be a profitable one. But the point of my argument was that the average profit on cotton spinning in Bombay had been far larger than in Lancashire for several years, as shown by the astonishing development of cotton spinning in Bombay as compard with Lancashire. This cannot be better set forth than in Mr. Thomas Ellison's annual circular, in which he shows that the consumption of cotton in the Indian factories has increased from 87,000 bales in 1870-71 to 871,000 bales in 1888-89, or about 1,000 per cent.; whereas the consumption in Great Britain has increased in the same time from 3,013,000 bales to 3,770,000 bales, or 25 per cent. I attribute this enormous development in Bombay chiefly to two causes—(1) the fall of silver and the low exchange, which practically gives the Indian spinners heavy bounty as against his English competitor; and (2) the long hours and low wages in India.

THE Goa Government have sanctioned Rs. 16,000 for the construction of a custom-house, and Rs. 12,000 for offices for the Health Department at Marmagoa.

THE following official candidates will stand at the forthcoming general election of deputies in Portuguese India for the House of Deputies in Lisbon:—Mr. Christovao Ayres, for Bardez; Mr. Urbano de Castro, for Ilhas; and Mr. Brandao, for Salsette. The names of the opposing popular candidates have not yet been given out.

PRINCESS LETITIA wants to go and live in England when the first six months of her mourning have expired, and has an idea of establishing herself somewhere near the ex-Empress Eugenie, says the Rome correspondent of *Truth*. The young widow has decidedly French leanings, and her favourite brother is the rebellious Victor.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

HER MAJESTY'S VISIT TO FRANCE.

LONDON, MARCH 24.

Her Majesty the Queen started to-day for the Continent.

THE IRISH LAND PURCHASE BILL.

INDIRECT BRITISH GUARANTEE.

LONDON, MARCH 24.

Mr. Balfour, last night, introduced into the House of Commons his Irish Land Purchase Bill.

The powers, the right hon. gentleman explained, were permissive. The maximum loan the Bill proposed should be advanced to an individual was the value of his land at twenty years' purchases, and the total advances thirty millions.

The Bill provides indirect British guarantee and elaborate safe-guards for repayment, and proposes separate treatment of the congested districts.

Mr. Gladstone characterised the Bill as the most complex measure ever submitted to Parliament.

The second reading was fixed for the 14th inst.

THE ANGLO-PORTUGUESE DISPUTE.

BOYCOTTING THE ENGLISH IN MOZAMBIQUE.

LONDON, MARCH 25.

Consul Johnston reports from Zanzibar that the crew of H. M. S. Reindeer has been boycotted in Mozambique by the order of the Governor, and numerous British Indian subjects have been imprisoned.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, MARCH 25.

A dinner was given at the British Embassy last night to the Prince of Wales. The Emperor and the Prince of Wales proposed each others healths, and expressed hopes for the continued prosperity of the two nations.

STUDENTS' RIOT IN MOSCOW.

A riot among the students is reported to have occurred yesterday at Moscow. Five hundred of them were arrested.

THE EAST DOWN VACANCY.

LONDON, TUESDAY EVENING.

Mr. Rentoul has been returned for East Down vacancy unopposed.

LORD ARTHUR SOMERSET.

It was announced in Parliament this afternoon that Lord Arthur Somerset had ceased to be a magistrate in Monmouth, and that he would receive no pension on account of his retirement from the Army.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

EMPEROR WILLIAM AND THE PRINCE OF WALES.

BERLIN, MARCH 24.

The Emperor William and the Prince of Wales to-day inspected the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland's Own Dragoon Regiment, and afterwards dined with the Officers. The Emperor drank the toast of "the Queen, the Honorary Chief of the Regiment," with much enthusiasm.

MR. BALFOUR AND THE IRISH LAND PURCHASE BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 24.

In the House of Commons this evening, Mr Balfour moved his Land Purchase Bill, in which he proposes to amalgate the Landed Estate Court and the Land Commissioners Board of Works into a Land Department, which will administer the Act.

The scheme is based on seventy years' purchase at net rent, and arrears are abolished.

The Government will advance thirty-three millions, which is secured upon county contributions, the tenant paying four per cent. annuity.

When a grant is exhausted it will be re-advanced as repaid, thus forming a perpetual fund.

Mr. Gladstone said that the Bill was complicated, but it should not be a party question, and he promised his assistance.

The Bill was then read the first time.

LONDON, MARCH 25.

Mr. Balfour, in moving his Land Purchase Bill, said, in addition, that the purchase would not be compulsory on either side.

MR. GOSCHEN ON THE BUDGET.

Mr. Goschen, in reply to a question, said he would bring forward the Budget on the 14th April.

EUROPEAN DISARMAMENT QUESTION.

Mr. Smith, in reply to a question, said that Government has no information that the Emperor of Germany desires to discuss the question of European disarmament at a conference, and furthermore Government were not able to sound the Powers on the subject.

THE SOUTHERN INDIA RAILWAY BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 25.

The Southern India Railway Bill was read a second time in the House of Commons.

OBITUARY.

General Ward Burlan is dead.

THE AMBAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 25.

The Amban leaves Calcutta for Lhassa next Saturday.

CHANGES IN THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Steel, Chief Engineer, North-Western Provinces, goes home at the end of May.

Colonel Cumming, Chief Engineer, Burma, takes leave; and Mr. Wright, from the Punjab, officiates for him.

Colonel Conway-Gordon remains in his appointment for the present to carry out the provisions of the new Railway Act.

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF TELEGRAPHS.

It has been decided that Colonel Mallock shall make over charge of his appointment as Director-General of Telegraphs, and proceed afterwards on special duty to the Telegraph Conference at Paris.

MEMBERS OF THE VICEREGAL COUNCIL

Sir David Barbour and Mr. Hutchins leave Calcutta for Simla, on Friday night.

Mr. Scoble goes first to Darjeeling and Sir Charles Elliott proceeds at once on tour.

THE MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

The Committee of the Merchandise Marks Act in Calcutta has completed its labours.

It is understood that the rules they have framed are on the basis of a liberal rather than literal interpretation of the provisions of the Act.

THE INDIAN FACTORY AMENDMENT BILL.

The Indian Factory Amendment Bill has been postponed till next cold weather.

THE CHIN-LUSHAI TROOPS.

The first batch of troops from the Chin-Lushai Expedition will leave Chittagong for India on April 5.

The 28th Bombay Pioneers will be the last to leave on April 15.

THE LEPERS' BILL.

The local Government are being consulted on the proposed Lepers' Bill, with a view to ascertain what machinery is available for segregating the victim of leprosy and what asylum provisions could be made were the principle of segregation adopted.

THE EURASIAN ASSOCIATION PRESIDENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 25.

Mr. Gantz has determined to resign his appointment as President of the Eurasian Association.

THE MADRAS SURGEON-GENERAL.

Deputy Surgeon-General Donnelly, now on duty at Rangoon, is to succeed Dr. Bidie as Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

ECHOES OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, MARCH 7, 1890.

EARL RUSSELL has somewhere related that one day, in the presence of George I., Sir Robert Walpole was moved to such wrath by an assertion made by one of the Hanoverian courtiers, that he was heard to exclaim, "Mentiris impudentissime." It is necessary to explain that Sir Robert could not speak either French or German, and that George I. could not speak English; thus it was in the Latin tongue that colloquial intercourse between the King and his Minister took place. But why do I relate this little historical apologue? It is for the purpose of pointing out that, perhance, Mr. Henry Labouchere might have escaped the awful fate which has befallen him if he had attacked Lord Salisbury in Greek. Mr. Gladstone and Sir William Harcourt could have understood him of course, but they are on his side of the House, and would scarcely have "rounded" on their colleague. Fuseli, the painter, who was a ripe Hellenist—he corrected the proofs of Cowper's translation of the Iliad—used to swear at his brother Academicians in Greek.

***

The senior member for Northampton is, as all his friends know, a gentleman of great literary culture. Can it be true, I wonder—I heard it from a little bird, but, then, you know, there are mocking birds—that after Mr. Labouchere had left the House, in a state of "suspended animation," he was heard softly murmuring to himself a stanza from Joshua Sylvester's "Soul's Errand"?

> Tell men of high condition
> That rule affairs of State
> Their purpose is ambition,
> Their practice only hate;
> And if they once reply,
> Then give them all the lie.

The practice was slightly perilous in Josh Sylvester's time (1610). In another stanza the poet admits that "to give the lie Deserves no less than stabbing." But the blood-thirsty days of duelling are over, in England at least, for good and all. Sixty years ago Lord Salisbury and Mr. Labouchere would have met, on a raw March morning, at Wimbledon or Chalk Farm. "Pistols for two and coffee for one." Detestable days of duelling!

***

The "thundering" Echo of the present week is, of course, the opening of the Forth Bridge by the Prince of Wales; and the daily newspapers have burst forth in quite an eruption of technical lore anent caissons and cantilevers, trusses and girders, hydraulic spades, vertical ties, approach viaducts, and main piers. The *Daily News*, in particular, grows quite poetical about H. R. H. turning a small tap by means of which "the two ends of the rivet were squeezed with a force which threw the pinching powers of Hercules far into the shade, and the bridge was complete." Meanwhile I have been pondering, half in admiration, half in consternation, over the gigantic supplement which has been issued with the last number or the weekly journal *Engineering*, and which contains an exhaustive account of the Forth Bridge by Mr. W. Westhofen, copiously illustrated with maps, plans, views, and portraits. Mr. Westhofen's performance is really a phenomenal achievement in technical journalism; but the slight feeling of alarm at which I have hinted is due to a feeling of perplexity as to whether I shall ever be able to find time to read the colossal essay from beginning to end. Why, I have not quite finished Guicciardini's "History" yet; I am not half way through Bayle's Dictionary, and three-fourths of the Report of the Parnell Commission are to me still a sealed book.

***

The other day, at Durham, the gentlemen of the University Debating Society selected as a subject for discussion the permissibility or otherwise of swearing. One orator had the hardihood to maintain the thesis that oaths "in moderation" might, under circumstances, be unobjectionable and even advisable; inasmuch as they afforded irritated humanity an opportunity of "blowing off steam," and thus soothing the temper. Better, the speaker contended, to rap out an occasional "big D" than to kick and smash the furniture or snarl at one's friends. I rejoice to find that the motion of the advocate of expletives was defeated by a considerable majority.

***

There are fifty reasons why the vulgar, senseless, idle, uncouth habit of swearing should be by every possible means discouraged; but if you would seek for a further argument against the silly, blackguard habit, just ship yourself on board a P. and O. or an Orient steamer, and you will find such an argument at Melbourne, at Sydney, at Brisbane, at Adelaide, and, indeed, in most cities and townships in Australia. The Australians are a loyal, peaceable, God-fearing, law-abiding community, and, in process of time, they will attain literary and artistic culture; but at present they are afflicted with one most noisome social plague—that of "larrikinism." The Antipodean "larrikin" is our "Arry," *plus* the Californian "hoodlum," *plus* the New York "dead rabbit," *plus* the Parisian "*voyou*." One of the chief diversions of the "larrikin" is to belch forth torrents of abominable language at the street corners at which he loves to loaf; and he is especially fond of cursing and blaspheming when there chance to be any ladies passing by.

***

The magistrates in the great Pacific cities try their hardest to stamp out the use of foul language by the imposition of very heavy penalties on offenders. I have known a ribald larrikin fined as much as five pounds. The worst of it is that he is, as a rule, quite able to pay the fine, being often a working man earning his eight shillings a day.

***

There have been some curious deliverances in the *World* respecting what is more curiously termed "the artificial character of the so-called cockney dialect of 1830-40." Worthy Mr. John Hollingshead, writing from the Garrick Club, gravely opines that "the transposition of w's and v's was created largely by inferior comic writers and dramatists, and that Dickens, when he adopted it, had not begun to use his marvellous power of of observation, as he used it afterwards."

***

O, Mr. John Hollingshead! Mr. John Hollingshead! The transposition of w's and v's largely created by inferior comic writers and dramatists! Why, the cockney dialect (I am a cockney myself and ought to know), is as old as 'Ampstead 'Eath and 'Ighgate 'Ill. Learn, oh Hollingshead, that in this connection Samuel Pegge, F. S. A, a distinguished philologer who in 1803—about a quarter of a century before you were born—published a book called "Anecdotes of the English Language, chiefly regarding the Local Dialect of London and its Environs." Wrote Pegge, eighty-seven years ago:—

"But, after all, the most striking and most offensive error in pronunciation among the Londoners I confess *lies in the transpositional use of the letters w and v ever to be heard when there is any chance of using them.* Thus they say 'weal' instead of veal; 'winegar' instead of vinegar; and, on the other hand, 'vicked' instead wicked, and 'vig' for wig. So in a dialogue:—*Citizen*: 'Villiam, I vants my vig.' *Servant*: 'Vich vig, sir?' *Citizen*: 'Vy the vite vig in the vooden vigbox vich I vore last Vensday at the westry.' "Sam Pegge, you will observe, J. H., was neither an inferior or comic writer nor a dramatist, but a grave old Dryasdust word-hunter.

***

He was a tolerant antiquary to boot, and made a kind of apology for the cockneys (my unfortunate grandfather always said the "vicked vorld" instead of the wicked world) by pointing out that letters of the same organ of speech have been mutually exchanged in several languages. "In the province of Gascony, in France, the natives substitute the letter b and v for each other, which occasioned Joseph Scaliger to say of them, 'Felices Populi quibus *bibere* est *vivere*.'" Score one for Joseph Scaliger.

***

Whose name, by the way, I am afraid that the popular Mr. Charles Godfrey, with very slight encouragement, would force into a rhyme with "Judy Callaghan." Many years ago Father Prout made the charming Hibernian maiden rhyme with the classic Lalage. But why should I suspect Mr. Charles Godfrey of an analogous intention of word-twisting? Well, he, and Mr. Charles Coborn, and the Great Macdermott, and Mr. Arthur Lloyd, and other vocal artists of light and leading, have met in solemn conclave to protest against the preposterous Theatres and Music-hall Bill, promoted (only to be ignominiously sat upon) by the busybodies of the London County Council; and Mr. Charles Godfrey moving a resolution in a capital speech, concluded with an "impromptu effusion" of which the second stanza is subjoined:—

> I've a certificate, too, of my birth;
> I can prove I've a licence to exist upon earth;
> And don't let these statements arouse you to mirth
> Unless you've a licence to laugh.

***

Mr. Charles Godfrey, Sir, this will not do. The limits of human (music-hall) patience were reached when "Not for Joseph" was made to rhyme with "If he knows it." We cannot tolerate an insidious attempt to couple "laugh" with "mirth," "birth," or "earth." But perhaps Mr. Godfrey had a line in reserve ending with "chaff." If so, why did he not oblige his audience with it?

***

What, I wonder, would be the action of a London auctioneer if, just as he was lifting his hammer to ejaculate the final "going, going, gone!" a gentleman in the body of the room called out: "*Haro! Haro! Haro. A l'aide, oh mon Prince: on me fait tort?*" I learn from the *Morning Post* that such a cry was actually audible lately at an auction in Guernsey. Some property was being submitting to public bidding; but the eldest son of the family to whom the goods belonged objected to the sale, and so raised the "clameur de Haro." It is an immensely old cry, sanctioned by the "Grand Coutumier" of that insular Normandy of which her most Gracious Majesty the Queen is Duchess. It is generally believed—although modern authorities are sceptical on the point—that "Haro" was originally "Ha! Rou" or "Roll," and was an invocation of the Danish-Norman Duke Rollo or Rollon, a notable Justiciar in his time, who spread such terror among the light fingered gentry in his dominions that, having hung his golden bracelets to a post—some say a galows—at the intersection of four high roads, the precious bangles remained suspended there for years, no contemporary Dick Turpin daring to touch them.

***

The question as to whether ladies ought to continue to patronise the side-saddles which, in some form or another, have been in use ever since the days of Anne of Bohemia, or whether they should ride *encavalier*, or astride, is being pretty briskly agitated just now, especially in the columns of the *Daily Graphic*, in which not only literary but pictorial prominence is being given to this latest departure in feminine equestrianism. It is perilous to dogmatise on such a topic. The ladies are surely the best judges as to what best suits their own health and comfort; and if they like to ride *en califourchon*, why should they not do so? Joan of Arc certainly did not use a side-saddle; and the Amazons, as we learn from Hope's "Costumes of the Ancients," not only rode astride, but dispensed with saddles as well. The Turkish and Egyptian ladies do not use side-saddles, but the cross-saddle is heaped so high with carpets and cushions that the attitude more nearly resembles that of sitting in a low arm-chair than of bestriding a horse or a donkey. The "extreme chair seat" is indeed recognised in the technics of equitation as opposed to the "extreme fork seat" in Major Francis Dwyer's "seats and saddles." I have some pieces of very old Dresden china in which peasant women are frankly represented as riding astride; nor is the custom yet wholly extinct in some parts of the Continent.

***

But, for goodness sake, let us at all events try to keep our tempers in the controversy. An indignant paterfamilias who is fiercely against the cross saddle for ladies' use, writing to the *Daily Graphic*, incidentally remarks:—"If a daughter of mine were discovered doing such a thing by her father, and if she were of age, she would be turned out of the house at an hour's notice, and she would never enter it again." This is terrible. At the same time, I cannot help thinking that the proposed innovation is a very unfeminine and a very unbecoming one; only, what can, or what should, the menfolk do to discourage it? The ladies have now got things altogether their own way, and who is to make them afraid? In Strutt's "Sports and Pastimes of the People of England," a work published in the 'twenties' alludes to an author of the seventeenth century who had animadverted most violently on the "Bury ladies that are hunting and hawking, and are now in a great vein of wearing breeches." Now, the seventeenth century is usually looked upon as having been one of coarseness in manners; but what would the satirist of the Bury ladies two hundred years ago say could he read in this refined age the advertisement—often copiously illustrated—of ladies' riding trousers, "pants," and hunting breeches, with which the weekly fashion papers teem?

***

That allusion above to the transposition of w's b's and v's recurs to me when I read a telegram in one of Monday's dailies, telling of a fresh Nihilist conspiracy discovered by the police at St Petersburg. "Arrests," the telegram goes on to say, "have been made at Basil Island, where printing presses were found." Now, I wonder how many patient plodders through the newspapers at their clubs have been asking themselves, "Where the dickens is Basil Island? You may search for such an island in vain in Oliver and Boyd's "Pronouncing Gazetteer of the World," about the best work of reference of the kind that I know. Basil Island is equally absent from the index to "Murray's Handbook for Travellers in Russia"; but if you will look at a plan of St. Petersburg you will find that between the Great and Little Neva there is a large island called Vasili Ostrof—literally the island of Vasill, or Basil, so named after the commander of a battery of artillery in Peter the Great's time. Out of five hundred foreign visitors to the capital of the Tsar, probably not five ever trouble themselves about Vasil and his Ostrof or island.

***

Gentlemen who are so fortunate as to be raised to the peerage have, no doubt, every right to choose the title by which they are hereafter to be known; still, I confess my inability to find evidence of any very happy selection in the name of the barony about to be conferred on Mr. Justice Field—Lord Ventris. To a short-sighted person the name looks uncommonly like "Vestris," and is more suggestive of a dancing-master than a peer of the realm; while that implacable critic, "the merest school-boy," will remember that "ventris" is the genitive singular of "venter." But perhaps there is a town, or a village, or a country-house called Ventris, and I am an ignoramus

***

"Are you Luke Limner?" Mr. Thackeray asked me at Gore House, Kensington, one Sunday morning nearly forty years ago. The illustrious author of "Vanity Fair" had been looking at a panorama of grotesque figures which I had painted on the grand staircase of the whilom mansion of Lady Blessington; and it occurred to him that I might be the artist who, under the pseudonym aforesaid, had just published a collection of sprightly etchings treating of art principles and art manufactures. I made answer that I was not "Luke Limner," but that I should very much like to have half the sly humour and half the dexterity in using the etching-needle possessed by the draughtsman whose name at the time I did not know, but whom I subsequently found to be Mr. John Leighton.

***

Can it be possible that my old and esteemed friend John Leighton, F.S.A., the "Luke Limner" of 1850, the author of "Madre Natura," the medallist of innumerable International Exhibitions and one of the founders of the Photographic Society, is the same gentleman who lately started as an impossibly hopeless candidate for the Northern Division of St. Pancras, and at the poll, got only twenty-nine votes? What the deuce did you do in that galley, Mr. John Leighton, F.S.A.? Whence the ambition to give up to St. Pancras that which was meant for mankind? Besides, who ever heard of a painter in parliament—since Sir James Thornhill's time least! Sir Joshua might have sate for Plympton had he liked; but he was deaf. To be sure I have a dim recollection of an M.P. by the name of Shelley, I think, who, late in the last century, made a number of designs engraved in mezzotint to illustrate an edition of Tasso. But this M.P. was probably an amateur.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA.

ASTATISTICIAN calculates that the total tonnage of the world, steam and sail, is, in round numbers 21,000,000 tons, of which 50 per cent. is British. Over 71 per cent. of the foreign freight tonnage of the world is carried in British vessels.

EAST AFRICAN AFFAIRS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ZANZIBAR, MARCH 5.

SINCE my last letter an event has occurred, which may or may not materially alter matters political in Zanzibar, and of which you have had, I doubt not, due telegraphic notice. I allude to the death of Sultan Syed Khalifa, and the accession of his brother Syed Ali. The late Sultan had been ailing for some time, and for several days previous to his death he had been suffering from an attack of fever, but a fatal result was not anticipated until the morning of the 13th ult., when his Highness very rapidly grew worse, and died at 1 p. m. The final collapse was so sudden that some doubts were expressed as to the cause of death, and the British Consular Surgeon and the Surgeon of H. M. S. Boadicea were called upon to examine the body. I understand that they exprssed themselves satisfied, without the necessity of autopsy, that death had resulted from natural causes; and the body was duly interred. From the afternoon of Feb. 13 to the morning of the 15th, two British gunboats were moved close to the British Agency-General, with all preparations in readiness for an immediate landing in case of a disturbance among the Arabs; and a few marines were sent out to protect the mission station of Mbweno. But everything passed off very quietly, and after three days mourning, Syed Ali assumed the reins of government. As yet it would be presumptuous to form a decided opinion; but the new Sultan seems disposed to abide by the different treaties entered into by his predecessor as regards the slave question and the cessions to the British and Germans on the coast. A few months will decide whether his attitude is to be friendly or otherwise to British interests in Africa; and his actions will be watched with interest by all residents here.

The I. B. E. A. Company are pushing ahead at Mombassa and along the Coast; but I hear next to nothing of operations in the interior. One of the latest arrivals at Mombassa is a gentleman named Wilson, who has come to erect the land telegraph between Mombassa, Kiliti, Melindi, and Lama; and so the whole of the coast line of the company will soon be in direct communication, as the marine cable from Mombassa to this place is already in working order.

The Germans are making preparations for a grand military display. A large number of officers arrived by the last French mail, and Major Wissmann intends very shortly to march into the interior from Pangani in chase of Bwanaheri, a chief who is giving as much trouble as the redoubtable Bushiri, who was hanged so summarily a few months ago. Major Wissmann will take with him a very large force and a number of field-guns, so that he must anticipate tough work with Bwanaheri.

Emin Pasha is now in Zanzibar. He arrived here from Bagamoyo in one of Wissmann's small steamers on Sunday last, and he appears to have quite recovered from his accident.

There is quite a number of illustrious visitors at present at Zanzibar. A Russian prince whose card bears the name "Le Prince Boris Serratapolk Czertwertzyski," and a count with a perfectly unpronounciable name, also arrived by the French mail the other day, on travelling intent. They are the guests of H. M.'s Consul-General, Col. Euan-Smith. On Monday, H. M. S. Reindeer arrived from Mozambique, having on board the Duke of Montrose and Lord Houghton. The Duke is very ill, suffering from a virulent attack of fever; and it is fully believed that his prompt removal from Mozambique has saved his Grace's life. He and Lord Houghton are also partaking of the hospitality of Col. Euan-Smith. The men-of-war at present in harbour are the Turquoise, Garnet, Reindeer, Brisk, and Pigeon (British); and the Superbe and Carola (German.) The French gunboat Bouvet, which it will be remembered grounded badly on the coast of Zanzibar two months ago, is still lying in harbour. She has masts and yards aloft and looks all right to unsophisticated eyes; but as she has neither propeller nor rudder she can scarcely be classed as "efficient." I believe an eminent French engineer is coming to examine her, and to decide if she is worth towing to Mauritius for repairs.

You will have heard by wire of the grounding of H. M. S. Conquest. This was not at all a serious matter. The commander of the Conquest was weighing anchor in Chaki-Chaki Bay, and altered her course a trifle too soon round the south end of a small island, and grounded on a sandy spit; but the ship got off without assistance and without damage.

Stanley's case against Tippoo Tib is still occupying the Consular Court here; but there is a great mass of evidence still to go through, and comment on the case would be premature.

THE NAPIER MEMORIAL FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Commander-in-Chief in India desires me to enclose a draft notice regarding "The Napier of Magdala Memorial Fund," which his Excellency will be much obliged by your publishing in an early issue of your paper.—Yours, &c.,

M. G. NICHOLSON, Lt.-Colonel.
For Military Secretary.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, March 20.

The Lord Mayor of London recently addressed the Commander-in-Chief in India, inviting his Excellency to join the Mansion House Committe, formed for the purpose of collecting funds for a suitable memorial in London to Lord Napier of Magdala. The suggestion was at the same time made that subscriptions should be raised among officers and soldiers in this country, who might be desirous of showing sympathy for the memory of the late Field Marshall. Sir Frederick Roberts, in acceding to the invitation, has, we understand, expressed the honor and pleasure which it will give him to assist in commemorating the distinguished services of his late gallant Commander. Copies of the Lord Mayor's letter have been sent to the Commanders-in-Chief of Madras and Bombay, and friends or admirers of Lord Napier wishing to subscribe will doubtless do so. The attention of Commanding Officers throughout India is being invited to the memorial; no formal official notice, however, will be issued to the Army, as a fund was raised in India in April, 1876, when Lord Napier left for England, to which officers and men contributed liberally, the result being the handsome statue which now occupies a prominent place in Calcutta.

We are asked to state that subscriptions may be sent to the head office of the Alliance Bank of Simla, at Simla, or to its branches at Calcutta, Cawnpore, Lahore, Murree, Rawal Pindi, and Umballa. Payments may also be made direct to Messrs. Coutts and Co., 59, Strand, or Messrs. Cox and Co., Charing Cross, London, or to the Bank of England, the donations being addressed to "The Napier of Magdala Memorial Fund."

INDUSTRIAL ART EXHIBITION.

THE Exhibition at the School of Art will be open to-day for a private view and conversazione to members of the Art Society only, who have each the privilege of bringing two ladies. The grounds and building will be illuminated by electric light, lamps, and Chinese lanterns, and will be open from 5 p.m., to 8 p.m. H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales and their Excellencies Lord and Lady Reay will visit the Exhibition during the afternoon.

On Thursday and Friday the Exhibition will be closed, but it will be formally opened to the public by his Excellency the Governor on Saturday afternoon.

THE London correspondent of the *Manchester Gwardian* writes:—Six months ago the Duke of Cambridge had no idea of retiring, but now, it is said, he is coming home from the Continent full of intention to abandon the chief command of the army. It is said in official circles that Mr. Stanhope has already consulted the Prime Minister upon the subsequent step which would be necessary. If the Duke is so resolved, he will ask for audience of the Queen, and inform her Majesty of his desire, and the Queen would inform the Secretary of State for War, together with her wishes as to his successor. It is understood that the Queen will not exercise the prerogative of appointing her son by patent, and that the Duke of Connaught will be named General Commanding-in-Chief for a term of five years, with provisions in a Royal Warrant which may be held to give that term a definite character. The pay of the honorary colonelcy of the Grenadier Guards which the Duke of Cambridge holds, will not be continued to his successor, whose salary is already fixed by Warrant at £4,500 a year.

H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR IN BOMBAY.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR spent the early part of yesterday in private, and in the forenoon was engaged receiving visitors, among whom were Messrs. Malabari, Budroodin Tyebjee, and Pherozha M. Mehta. About a quarter-past one he left Government House along with H. E. the Governor and Staff, and drove to the Natural History Society's Rooms, whence he went to the Apollo Bunder, and proceeded on board H. M. S. Boadicea, where he lunched with Admiral Fremantle. From thence the Royal party departed in the Government steam launch Bee for Trombay to lay the foundation-stone there of Sir Dinshah M. Petit's Lepers' Home, returning about eight o'clock to Bombay.

THE PRINCE AT THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S MUSEUM.

His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor, accompanied by Sir Edward Bradford and suite, yesterday visited the rooms of the Bombay Natural History Society and spent half an hour in their Museum in Apollo Street. Mr. H. M. Phipson, the honorary secretary, and Mr. W. S. Millard, received his Royal Highness, who displayed the greatest interest in the various objects of natural history, which the Society's collection contains. Like a true Englishman his Royal Highness has evidently a strong liking for animals of all sorts, and greatly admired the specimens which were shown to him. The Prince took away with him as a memento of his visit, the back numbers of the Society's illustrated journal, and complimented the honorary secretary on the excellence of the small Museum which the Society has been able to form in so short a period, entirely by private enterprise.

LAYING THE FOUNDATION-STONE OF THE LEPERS' HOME AT TROMBAY.

The laying of the foundation-stone of Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit's Lepers' Home was the chief event of yesterday's proceedings. It was not intended that this work should have been commenced so early, but the opportunity was taken, considering the great interest the Prince of Wales takes in the amelioration of the sufferings of lepers, during the stay of Prince Albert Victor in Bombay, to get him to lay the foundation-stone of the institution, for the erection of which Sir Dinshaw with great liberality has given one lakh of rupees. The site chosen, is close by the Allbless Asylum now in existence, and it is probable when the new building is finished the one will be kept for the accommodation of males, and the other for females. At three o'clock several launches, conveying Members of the Legislative Council, of the Municipal Corporation, and other ladies, and gentlemen left Mazagon Bunder, arriving at Trombay about half-past four, a full hour before his Royal Highness. Amongst those present were:—The Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan, the Thakore Saheb of Limbri, the Thakore Saheb of Lakhtar, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C. S. I., Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., Hon. Mr. Justice and Miss Parsons, Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, Hon. Mr. Justice and Mrs. Jardine, the Misses Starling, Hon. Mr. James Moore, Hon. Mr. Rahimtula Mahomed Sayani, Rai Bahadur Luchmon Sing, Drs. Underwood, Blaney, Maconachie, M. R. Setna, Pinkerton, F. D. Divecha, and B. K. Bhatawadekar, Mr. and Mrs. Hoshangjee Burjorjee, Fr. Dalhoff, Father Meyer, Father Bridges, the Hon. Mr. Little, Messrs. H. W. Barrow, Nowrojee Byramjee Suntook, J. R. Duxbury, Nensey Keyraz, K.M. Shroff, Fazulbhoy Visram, Joomabhoy Laljee, Maneckjee Byramjee Dadabhoy, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, W. Pearson, Rustomjee Dhunjibhoy Sethna, Abdula Meherally Dharamsey, B. D. Banaji, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Darashah Rattonjee Chichgar, L. W. Michael, Erakshah M. Taleyarkan, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., M. C. Turner, T. J. Bennet, W. D. Graham, Framji and Bomanji Petit, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, J. W. Bagnell, James W Smith, Amirudin Tyebjee, Elappa Balaram, Goverdhundas Goculdas Tejpal, Goverdhandas Khatao Makanji, Hasambhoy Visram, Mulji Bhowanidas Barbhaya, Rahimtula Khyraz, and Vundrawandas Purshotumdas. About twenty minutes to six his Royal Highness, accompanied by his Excellency Lord Reay, Sir Edward Bradford, Admiral Fremantle, Captain Harvey, Captain Holford, Captain Pinhey and Dr. Jones landed, and were received at the entrance to the grounds whereon the new asylum is to be erected by Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Dr. Blaney, the Hon. Mr. Little, the Hon. Mr. Sayani, Mr. E. C. K Ollivant, Municipal Commsssioner, and others. Sir Dinshaw conducted the Prince to a dais erected in front of the stone, and then

Sir Dinshaw M. Petit addressing his Royal Highness said:—

May it Please Your Royal Highness, Your Excellencies, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—A long time since I had been considering about the want, which was greatly felt, for a Lepers' Home, where not only those unfortunate beings loitering about in the streets could be comfortably housed and cared for, but where physicians, desirous of making experiments, respecting this dreadful malady with the view to find out a specific remedy, could come across a great number of cases of this disease in its various stages. I had brought this subject to the notice of an eminent physician through Doctor Cowasjee Hormusjee, and expressed my willingness to give my humble support to a lepers' home if one could be established; but for some reasons the matter was not taken up. Our Municipal Commissioner, Mr. E. C. K. Ollivant, being aware that I was desirous of seeing such an institution established, recently informed me, through Doctor Cowasjee, that Government would give their support if an offer be made for establishing the same. Availing myself of this opportunity, and seeing that our beloved Prince of Wales himself, (your Royal Highness's august father) has been evincing so deep an interest in the cause of alleviating the sufferings of these unfortunate creatures and of effectually checking the growth of this direful disease, I made an offer to Government of Rs. 1,00,000 for the purpose of building this home on certain terms, which, I am glad to say, have been accepted by our benign Government. I may here take this opportunity to mention that in 1882 I caused five cases of leprosy to be treated by three native hakims. Of these three were mendicants, who were treated by a Parsi hakim, Pestonjee Jamsetjee of Surat; the fourth was a Parsi priest, treated by another Parsi hakim, Bikajeee Dorabjee, of Sumary, near Surat; and the fifth was a Hindoo jobber, in the Manockjee Petit Mill, treated by a Hindoo hakim, Madhaorao Narayen. These hakims were given four months within which to cure these cases. The first-mentioned hakim nearly cured one case and partially cured the remaining two cases, but as he could not stop longer in Bombay than four months he gave up the treatment; and the two last mentioned hakims did not succeed. A native *vaid*, who has been known to me for many years, named Damodar Meghjee Muljee, and who is a grandson of a well-known *vaid* Mooljee Mamji, who had come to Bombay from Kamhallia in Kathiawad, in 1762, called at my place a week ago, and told me that he had a specific remedy for the cure of leprosy, that he had dured three cases, and two more are now under his treatment. From what I know of the above-mentioned five cases, which I had caused to be treated as an experiment, and from what I am told by this *vaid*, I think that this disease is curable, if a patient undergo a regular and proper medical treatment for some time, and observe a strict abstinence from unwholesome food and drink. I recommended this *vaid* to prepare a report of the cases treated by him, with certificates of the doctors which he holds, and see the highest Government medical authority and to satisfy him on the subject, and we may all hope that by the help of Providence we may before long come across a specific remedy for this dire disease. Before requesting your Royal Highness to lay the first stone of this Lepers' Home, I beg to tender you my most grateful thanks for the honour you have done me to-day by your august presence by coming up here from a long distance at great inconvenience, and for your great kindness in performing this ceremony. To you, your Excellencies, and ladies, and gentlemen, my sincerest thanks are due for your kind presence here, and I now beg to request your Royal Highness to perform the formal ceremony.

His Royal Highness, who was received with Cheers said:—

Your Excellency, Sir Dinshaw Petit, and Gentlemen,—I am much gratified by having been asked to take part in to-day's proceedings in connection with the Leper Hospital. The death of the noble Father Damien brought most prominently before the world the dreadful and rapidly increasing ravages of leprosy. I am proud to say that Englishmen, headed by my father, were the first to make a hearty response to that appeal, and to realise that the fearful disease must be arrested in its course. Since I have been in India and Burma I have made careful inquiries as to the prevalence and progress of leprosy, with, I am sorry to say, very sad results. Sights too shocking for description, and stories too heart-rending for repetition, have been brought to my notice; and it is clear to me the matter has not been taken up a moment too early. At Madras I visited the Leper Asylum, and saw the excellent work that is being done there. A few days ago I had the pleasure of laying the foundation-stone at Junaghad of an institution similar to that proposed to be erected here, and in Calcutta and elsewhere hospitals are also being established. And now Sir Dinshaw Petit by your munificence, and by the intelligent and philanthropic action of the Municipal Corporation, and the enlightened energies of Mr. Ollivant, to all of whom as well as to yourself great credit is due, a fresh stimulus has been given to this charitable movement in Bombay, which has hitherto been so well represented by the existing asylum, due to the liberality of the Allbless family. This is as it should be, and it will be a great pleasure to me to be able to tell my father that the people of India are not backward in preparing to check the terrible disease. And I trust that the efforts of the united civilised world will eventually result in its complete eradication. (Loud applause.)

His Royal Highness with silver trowel then proceeded to lay the stone, which bore in gilt lettering the following inscription:—

THIS FOUNDATION-STONE
OF THE
SIR DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT LEPER HOME
WAS LAID BY
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE ALBERT
VICTOR OF WALES, K.G., K.P.,
ON THE 25TH MARCH, 1890.

Into the cavity of the stone were placed copies of the *Bombay Gazette*, the *Times of India*, and of the native papers of Bombay, also current coins of the realm. The stone being laid

His Royal Highness said:—

I declare this stone to have been well and truly laid. (Loud applause.)

Dr. Blaney to whom the duty of proposing a vote of thanks to his Royal Highness devolved in the unavoidable absence through sickness of Mr. Grattan Geary, President of the Corporation, said:—

As his Royal Highness had observed the death of Father Damien had struck a cord of active sympathy throughout the whole of Christendom with reference to the case of lepers who perhaps had not in the past been cared for as it was probable they would be in the future. When he said that this active sympathy had been erected thoroughout Christendom, and he need scarcely remind them that in the hearts of the Royal family in England that sympathy had found its most active manifestations. (Applause.) And from Christendom naturally that sympathy had extended to British India, that great continent which they were told by medical men was the endemic house of leprosy; that was to say there were all the conditions there for the contracting and development of the disease. The ravages of the disease must convince them that it was their duty to take up this object of the amelioration of lepers in the spirit in which he was glad to see the Government of India were about to take it up. (Applause.) There was a Leper

spectators were treated to a fine finish. Shrigley won by a foot in 56½ secs.

Corpl. J. Shrigley, H. L. I. 1
Corpl. C. Sawyer, R. F. 2

HALF-MILE FLAT RACE.—(Cadets.)

There were eight entries. Williams took the lead, and kept it for some time. Reid, who was lying sixth, began to put on the pace after the first quarter-mile had been covered, and showed that he had the heels of the field, and won easily. Time—2 mins. 38 secs.

T. Reid..... 1
J. Williams 2

HURDLE RACES.—(Natives.)

There was a fairly large field, but Ramchander showed to the front early in the race, and kept his advantage to the end, although Mahomed Khan made a fine fight at the end. Time—17 4-5 secs.

Ramchander Tuari..... 1
Mahomed Khan..... 2

HURDLE RACE.—(Europeans.)

All the men who entered had evidently been training, for they kept on the heels of Shrigley who won off Young by about a foot. Time—16½ secs.

Corpl. J. Shrigley, H. L. I 1
Sergt E. Young, Gloster..... 2

ONE MILE FLAT RACE.—(Cadets.)

A field of nine faced the starter in this event. Reid and Williams as usual had it between them, and finally came in in the order named. Time—6 mins. 20½ secs.

T. Reid..... 1
J. Williams 2

ONE MILE FLAT RACE.—(Natives.)

The field of five kept together for some time. Sindar Singh then made the running, and won in fine style. Time –5 mins. 36 4-5 secs.

Hav. Sindar Singh..... 1
Ramchander Tuari..... 2

TENT-PEGGING WITH SWORDS.—(Natives.)

Abdool Rahim Khan won this event from a large field.

Abdool Rahim Khan 1
Akbar Khan 2

LONG JUMP.—(Cadets.)

Cadet R. Nelson won by covering 14 ft. 6 inches.

Cadet R. Nelson 1
Cadet J. Williams. 2

ONE MILE FLAT.—(Europeans.)

Four entered and, as usual, nothing could be judged of their running till after the first three-quarters of a mile had been covered. Sawyer then began to make the running, and won as he liked. Time—6 mins. 13 1-5 secs.

Corpl. C. Sawyer..... 1
Pte. Kirkpatrick..... 2

PUTTING SHOT.—(Cadets.)

Eleven entered. Sergt. Fido won by a put of 21 feet 3 inches. Corporal Williams coming next with a throw of 19 feet 7 inches.

Sergt. Fido 1
Corp. Williams..... 2

HALF-MILE WALKING RACE.—(Europeans.)

Seven entered. Twiss took the lead and kept it all the way; Arnold, who came in second might have won had he not been interrupted by a rider in the Victoria Cross Competition.

Vol W. J. Twiss 1
Vol. Arnold 2

BAYONET *vs.* BAYONET.—(Europeans.)

There were several entries for the event, Gunner Nash finally won; Lance-Corpl Ryan being given second prize.

BAYONET *vs.* SWORD.—(Europeans.)

Sergeant E. Young won first prize with the sword; Assistant Apothecary MacQueen being second with the bayonet.

TENT-PEGGING BY SECTIONS.

A section of the Poona Horse won, a team of the Bombay Light Horse coming second, and one of the Governor's Body-guard third. This event was watched with considrable interest.

TWO MILE BICYCLE RACE.

Only two entered and Baker retired after completing a good part of the distance; Derry, the other man, won in 9 mins. 38 secs.

Derry 1
Baker..... 2

CUTLASS DRILL.

The team of H. M. S. Boadicea won the prize in this event in fine style, and as they retired off the ground were loudly cheered

BOXING.

A. B. McGreil of H. M. S. Boadicea won the prize from six competitors. It would have been as well if the work had not been as savage as it was.

TO-NIGHT'S ILLUMINATION AND FIRE-WORKS.

To-day his Royal Highness will attend a conversazione at the School of Arts, after which he will visit the Victoria Gardens to see the Horse and Flower Show. In the evening he will drive through the Fort, which will be illuminated, and he will then witness the fireworks, of which the following is a programme :—

Six signal guns or aerial maroons; an illumination of boats from Colaba to Malabar Hill with two hundred coloured lights red, green, and magnesium; flight of rockets with shooting stars and asteroids, changing colours; cascade of golden fire with roman candles, fifty feet long and thirty feet high; flights of shells 3, 4, and 5 inches in sets of sixes; set piece of horizoutal, vertical and saxon wheels and triangles, a hundred feet long and about forty feet high; flight of twenty-five shells of magnesium and coloured stars; six golden flower-pots and three double triangle wheels; flight of four balloons with magnesium light; three tourbillons or fiery whirlwind, three chinese fliers, and three jewel fountains; four mines of serpents and jewel-headed cobras; one set piece of horizontal, vertical, and saxon wheels, and triangles with roman candles a hundred feet long and forty feet high; flight of a hundred rockets, bright and coloured shells and shooting stars; grand display of twenty fountains of golden fire, extending about three hundred feet; flight of fifty shells of asteroids; cascade of fire with roman candles, fifty feet long and thirty feet high; flight of four balloons with asteroids, changing colours; two bouquets, each of fifty rockets; ten mines of serpents, and shooting stars, and jewel-headed cobras, with six golden flower-pots; flight of fifty shells of asteroids, changing colours, shooting stars, and chinese puzzles; one set piece a hundred feet by forty feet; flight of fifty shells of asteroids; flight of four balloons with changing coloured lights; grand cascade of fire, a hundred feet by forty feet high, with letters eight feet high; "God Save the Queen," "Queen-Empress, and "Gold Night"; grand simultaneous flight of a thousand rockets in the form of Prince of Wales's features in the centre, and a bouquet at each end, extending three hundred feet.

THE PRINCE'S DEPARTURE.

The following Notification of the Political Department, dated Bombay Castle, March 25th, gives the arrangements for the departure of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales on Friday :—

His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor Christian Edward of Wales, K. G., K. P., will take his departure from Bombay in the P. and O. S. N. Company's s. s. Assam on the 28th instant.

2. The arrangements connected with the departure of his Royal Highness from Government House will be made by the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor and will be timed so that his Royal Highness may embark from the Apollo Bunder at 4-45 p. m. (Local time). The Director of the Indian Marine should be requested to consult with his Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief and act in concert with him in arranging the details of embarkation. The arrangements at the Bander will be made by the Public Works Department.

3. His Royal Highness, escorted by a detachment of his Excellency the Governor's body guard and by a detachment of the Bombay Light Horse, which will join at the Church Gate Station, will proceed along the Queen's Road past the Post Office and along the Esplanade Road to the Apollo Bandar. A guard of honour of British Infantry with Band and Colours will be mounted at the Apollo Bandar, and a royal salute of 31 guns will be fired on the embarkation taking place.

4. A deputation consisting of the Chief Secretary to Government, the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor, and one of his Excellency's Aides-de-Camp will accompany his Royal Highness on board the s. s. Assam. Under the orders of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Brigadier-General Commanding the Bombay District will make arrangements for the roads from the Post Office to the Apollo Bundar, being lined with the troops in Garrison and the Volunteers.

5. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in Bombay and Staff, his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of H. M.'s Naval Forces, East India Station, and Staff, the Chief Justice of Bombay, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Members of Council, the Judges of the High Court, the Additional Members of the Council of his Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, the Secretaries to Government, the Brigadier-General Commanding the Bombay District, the Director of the Indian Marine, the President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Private Secretary and Staff of his Excellency the Governor, the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, the Sheriff of Bombay, the Chairman of the Standing Committee, the Under-Secretaries to Government, and Heads of Departments, Civil and Military, or such of the above high officials as are then in the Presidency town will assemble at the Apollo Bundar for the purpose of taking leave of his Royal Highness. For all these high officials a space marked A will be reserved. The Consular representatives of Foreign Governments are invited to be present on the occasion, and a space marked B will be reserved for them.

6. All officers of her Majesty's Services, Civil, Naval, Military, and the Indian Marine, and officers belonging to Corps of Volunteers then in Bombay and not otherwise on duty are desired to attend. To all such who are able to attend, cards of admission to space C will be supplied on application to the Executive Engineer of the Presidency. The same officer will also issue cards of admission to space A to any Heads of Departments not specified by name in paragraph 5, who may intimate that they will be present. For the Consular representatives of Foreign Governments and all others mentioned above no cards will be necessary. As far as the accommodation in space D is available, it will be allotted to any ladies or gentlemen who may apply for tickets to the Executive Engineer.

7. The Municipal Corporation of Bombay having expressed a desire to present a farewell address to his Royal Highness, a space marked E will be reserved on the Bandar to which his Royal Highness will be conducted and where he will be received by the representatives of the Corporation. The Executive Engineer will send a card of admission to each member of the Corporation whose name is communicated to him by the President of the Corporation.

8. The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, will arrange for the maintenance of order.

9. Full dress will be worn by all Civil officers of Government entitled to wear uniform, summer dress and Review order by Military officers and the troops, and morning dress by all others.

H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR'S RECEPTION FUND.

The following sums have been paid into the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the above fund :—

	Rs.	a.
E. C. K. Ollivant, Esq., C.S., C.I.E.	30	0
Amount previously acknowledged.....	31,650	13
Total Rs...	31,680	13
Amount promised, but not yet paid into the Bank.....	105	0
Grand Total Rs...	31,785	13

March 24.

THE TIGER SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

Further particulars regarding the painful incident we had occasion to refer to yesterday have reached Poona, says the *Deccan Herald*. On the morning of Saturday, the day of the sad affair, Dr. Thompson was in a very weakly and feverish state. Yet he resolved upon going out, and in reply to Major Peile's urgent persuasions to remain behind, said. "He was all right." The shooting ground selected was out at Ghorasgaum, not far from Bhosawal. The ground there is covered with a thick low scrub and greatly intersected by nullahs. Two manchans at some distance from each other were erected for each of the two officers. The agreement made was that during the first beat the tiger, of whom they had previously received the usual "Khubar," was to be driven towards Major Peile's manchan. However, no sooner had the beast broken cover than he made for the spot where Dr. Thompson was esconced. He walked in a circle round the foot of the tree, when, as stated by the doctor's orderly, Dr. Thompson fired, hitting the tiger in the abdomen. The infuriated beast rushed towards the manchan and seized Dr. Thompson's leg, which had unfortunately slipped down. During the scuffle the guns of Dr. Thompson and the orderly, who was on the tree with him, fell to the ground along with the doctor's helmet. This diverted the attention of the beast who immediately sprang at the helmet. The orderly who, we are given to believe, acted in a most praiseworthy manner throughout, now helped to pull his master higher up the tree. The tiger then broke away into the scrub and disappeared. The orderly alighted from the tree and went to Major Peile's manchan to inform him of the occurrence. Though sensible when Major Peile saw him the unfortunate officer as quite exhausted, and died half an hour after. The wounds themselves were not the cause of death, but the doctor was too weak to stand the shock and died from exhaustion. As regards the tiger itself, there was a great difficulty in unearthing the brute, as the scrub was to dense, to allow of any one going into it, without some anxiety of being mauled at any time. Major Peile, however, with the valuable aid of the doctor's orderly and a Bheel soon found out where the beast lay concealed, and in short while after had the pleasure of seeing the brute fall to a shot of the orderly.

MILITARY NEWS.

The following appointments and transfers of medical officers have been ordered :—Surgeon-Major Robinson, 4th Punjab Infantry, to medical charge of the 1-1st Gurkhas. Surgeon Hudson, to medical charge of the 15th Bengal Cavalry. Surgeon Robinson, to medical charge of the 34th Pioneer. Surgoon French, 8th Bengal Infantry, to medical charge of the 4th Punjab Infantry. Surgeon Thomson, 1-2nd Gurkhas, to medical charge of the 22nd Punjab Infantry. Surgeon Fischer, to medical charge of the wing of the 8th Bengal Infantry.

Surgeons Geoghegan and Molesworth are transferred to Rohilkhand and Oudh respectively, and Surgeons Kendall and Sparkes to Jubbulpore and Peshawar.

Surgeons-Major Dwyer and Leader are posted to Agra and Mian Mir respectively, Surgeon-Major Exham to Lucknow, and Surgeon Power to Peshawar.

Colonel Burgess, R. A., is transferred from Allahabad to Rawalpindi in command of the Mountain Batteries of the latter district.

Captain Oldfield, R. E., goes home on reversion to Imperial duty.

The following appointments have been made :—

12th Bengal Infantry :—Second Lieutenant C Rattary, Devonshire Regiment, officiating Wing Officer on probation. 1-3rd Gurkhas : Lieutenant V A. Ormsby, East Surrey Regiment, officiating Wing Officer on probation. 16th Bengal Infantry : Lieut E. H. Georges, Manchester Regiment, officiating Wing Officer on probation. 14th Sikhs: Lieutenant E. P. Strikland, Norfolk Regiment officiating Wing Officer on probation; 19th Punjab Infantry : Lieutenant W. J. Windsor, Worcester Regiment, officiating Wing Officer on probation. 33rd Bengal Infantry : Second-Lieutenant H H Jones, Devonshire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer on probation. 22nd Punjab Infantry : Lieutenant L N Herbert to be Adjutant; Lieutenant Fowler to be Quartermaster; and Lieutenant Fagan, 24th Punjab Infantry, to be Wing Officers on probation.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave to England;—Major Carpenter, Connaught Rangers, twelve months on private affairs. Second-Lieutenant W. M. Lee, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, twelve months on medical certificate. Captain J. MacN. Walter, Devonshire Regiment, twelve months on private affairs. Lieutenant A. E. Hobbard, Lincolnshire Regiment, twelve months, on medical certificate.

Clausenburg, the chief town of Transylvania is in a state of great excitement. A nobleman of that place who had received an invitation to a ball given by the *bourgeoisie* sent his man-servant in his place, who so well succeeded in playing the gentleman that the many young ladies with whom he danced considered him a very acceptable partner. Unfortunately, the affair got into the local newspapers, and excited great indignation against the aristocracy, with the result that last week not a day passed without at least six duels being fought. An editor fought three duels one day, but no blood was shed. Fighting still continues in the town, and a public meeting will be held to consider how peace with honour can be established.

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

Apropos of the Flower and Horse and Cattle show in the Victoria Gardens, which commences to-day, it will be interesting to turn up a page of its past history and refresh the memory with regard to the circumstances which led to its formation. The Agri-Horticultural Society of Western India was established in 1830 under the patronage of Sir Sydney Beckwith, K.C.B., Mr. Newnham being the first president, and the first secretaries being Mr. Vaupell and Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, second Baronet, who, with his brother, Mr. Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, had always taken the greatest interest in the garden. In 1835, the Society purchased the Sewree Garden, which was laid out by Colonel Dickinson, assisted by a European gardener. It was not, however, until 1842 that the garden was properly established, when Dr. George Buist and Dr. Herbert Giraud were appointed joint secretaries. The former carried out the general arrangements of the gardens, and the latter thoroughly organised the botanical department. The Sewree Garden, however, proved too far from Bombay to subserve the purposes for which it was designed; and when the Victoria Museum and Gardens were first proposed, Government offered the Agri-Horticultural Society the Mount or Parel estate on condition of their amalgamating with the Museum committee for the purpose of forming the Victoria Gardens. The Mount estate was formally made over to the Society in 1861 by a Government resolution, which empowered them also to part with certain portions in order to buy up certain properties running into the Society's estate. These exchanges proved hard to effect, and it was not until May 1862 that the Society entered into possession of the garden within its present boundaries. They then commenced the transference of plants from Sewree and in July following, the laying out and planting of the garden was commenced. On the 19th November 1862, Lady Frere, wife of Sir Bartle Frere, Governor of Bombay, in declaring the Gardens open, said :—"I have much pleasure in declaring the Victoria Gardens opened. I trust they may long continue a monument of the taste and munificence of the leading merchants of Bombay, and a source of pure and rational enjoyments to its inhabitants. I hope that many of my friends amongst the young native ladies around me will realise the pleasure which English ladies find in their gardens, and which no lady in her dominions enjoys more than Her Most Gracious Majesty, whose name these gardens will in future bear." To Dr. (now Sir George) Birdwood, the Indefatigable secretary, the public of Bombay are indebted for the existence of the gardens—Dr. Birdwood (as Sir Bartle Frere said in 1862) "whose laborious exertions, so long continued, so unselfishly and energetically rendered, are now, we may hope, destined to be crowned with success." The following further particulars regarding the gardens, which we reproduce from an account published in these columns some time ago, will be read with interest :—

Few people are aware that about thirty years ago when it was intended to have a public garden and a museum, that its first site chosen was to be that of the present Marine Lines. How different the Fort, on that side, would have been if instead of the huts used as residences there, and the quarters of the Marine Battalion, the whole had been turned into an extensive garden with a museum located in a large building, to set it off. That it was seriously intended, a minute of the Government of Lord Elphinstone's, dated 26th April 1859, proves in black and white. What is more, sanction was given to the immediate appropriation of the site "occupied by the Marine Lines, and the ground between it and Back Bay to the old Elphinstone College and Institution" and that portion of the Esplanade behind the Marine Lines, the whole being bounded by what is now known as the Esplanade Road on one side and the Queen's Road on the other. In those days the Agri-Horticultural Society, with Dr. (now Sir George) Birdwood, as its indefatigable secretary, was a powerful and wealthy body, and it undertook to carry out the design of planning and laying out the grounds. Sir George Birdwood drew up a plan of the system on which he proposed to lay out the gardens, but Lord Elphinstone's Government discovering that it would have to largely supplement the funds at the disposal of the Society for the construction of the gardens, suddenly changed its mind. The Society had enough money to build the Victoria Museum—it had pretty near a lakh contributed by the public—and Government accordingly, in a resolution, hoped that there would be as little delay as possible in commencing the undertaking, but as regarded the garden it offered a portion of the Government estate on the Mount (Mazagon), for it instead of the site previously sanctioned. It was the old story "that present condition of the finances of India" precluded any immediate grant by the State, and Government gave in kind instead of coin. Thus it was that the gardens after all came to be laid out on its present situation, on what was known as the Mount Estate, a good portion of which was owned by Government.

The idea of having a garden and a museum for Bombay first originated in this way. On the 1st of November 1858, the proclamation of Queen Victoria was read by Lord Elphinstone from the steps of the Town Hall, and a little more than a month after, on the afternoon of Wednesday, 15th December, a meeting of the inhabitants of Bombay convened by the Sheriff, pursuant to a numerously-signed requisition, was held in the Town Hall, for the purpose of initiating measures for the establishment of an economic museum with natural history and pleasure gardens to be called the Victoria Museum and Gardens to commemorate the transference of the Government of India from the East India Company to the Crown. In was thus a tribute to the Queen and a memento in Bombay of the commencement of a new reign. It will not be out of place to recall a few facts of that meeting, which was, indeed, a peculiar movement on the part of the then residents of Bombay. Mr. E. Heycock was the Sheriff of Bombay and Mr. Juggonath Sunkarsett was called to the chair. Among the speakers and the movers of resolutions we find such names as Dr. Bhao Daji, Sir Mungaldas Nathoobhoy, Mr. Dadabhoy Nowrojee, Dr. Wilson, and Mr. Carsetjee Nusserwanjee Cama. The Chief point which stands out from the proceedings is the fact that the whole movement was claimed to be due to native enterprise, and indeed the native gentlemen formed the majority of the subscribers, and were most liberal in their donations. Initiated in 1858 it was not till 1862, on the 19th November that the cornerstone of the museum was laid and the gardens opened to the public. In January of that year it was agreed by the committee who were entrusted with the management and construction of the museum, that the name of the late Prince Consort, who had died the year before, should be associated with the work, and accordingly in future it was to be known as the Victoria and Albert Museum. We now come to the opening of the gardens which ceremony was performed immediately after the laying of the corner-stone of the museum. Sir Bartle Frere presided at the latter ceremonial, and Lady Frere consented to open the gardens. The grounds were not so well laid out as they are now, nor indeed did they appear to be more than a large open space with a long promenade down the centre, what is now the main avenue, with a few newly planted trees fringing the promenade and several broad pathways. But even its appearance on that afternoon of November was a vast improvement on what it originally had been when the thirty-three acres just came under the care of the Agri-Horticultural Society and its Secretary Sir George Birdwood. The whole estate of the Mount was what was described by Sir George himself, an ugly, unhealthy, unhandsome locality, and it was now transformed by the Society, into a safe, healthy, and handsome pleasure-ground. The Society actually came into possession of the estate in May 1861, and had at once commenced transferring to it trees and plants from their garden at Sewree, which they now determined to abandon. The original plans for the planting and laying out of the gardens were the work of the late Mr. William Tracy and Mr. Terry, who was then superintendent of the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy School of Arts. When Lady Frere opened the Victoria Gardens they were not finished beyond the broad promenade, and several pathways and a few trees other than ordinary vegetation. But the hard-working secretary who possessed a rare combination of qualifications, and that "extensive and accurate botanical knowledge, refined taste in landscape-gardening, and indomitable energy rarely found in one individual," left no stone unturned to make the gardens real pleasure-grounds alike to the botanist as well as to the general public. It was due to him that the large clock—given by the late David Sassoon—ornaments the open space just in front of the central avenue, and that the entrance to the latter is spanned by a triumphal arch. Other beautiful works of art were similarly secured for the gardens by Sir George Birdwood, but want of funds diverted these objects which now ornament other portions of the city. The large Frere Floral Fountain that proves such an ornament to the Fort, where it forms such a *grand place* had been intended for the Victoria Gardens, and so was that very grand and the artistic statue of the Queen near the Telegraph Office. The donor, H. H. Maharaja Khunderao Guicowar, intended that the statue should be placed on the terrace on the west side of the museum. However when it was found that the Gardens would be denuded of many its promised gems of art, and therefore, would not be such a suitable site for this superb white marble *chef d'œuvre* of Noble's, it was accordingly given the prominence it deserves on the Esplanade Road. These are practically all the interesting items of what might be called the earlier history of the Victoria Gardens. In 1858 the idea originated, and it was not till fully seven years later that the idea was fully carried out by the Agri-Horticultural Society. In 1866 the Municipality took over the gardens, but it was not till three years after when the Society itself dissolved—after thirty-nine years' existence—that it ceased to take any share in maintaining the gardens, which was then wholly kept up by the Municipality.

The gardens as they now are, present as they do, quite a different appearance to what they were when opened by Lady Frere in 1862. The Municipality have shown that they appreciate this ornamental charge they have on their hands, and the fact that a qualified horticulturist and botanist is in charge is a substantial proof that at last something is to be done to what was fast becoming a "white elephant" on the hands of the city. Mr. Carstensen, the new superintendent, is rapidly transforming the thirty-three acres of ground into the real pleasure-grounds they were intended to be. To be in keeping with the entire remodelling of the gardens, the zoological collection has been given greater prominence, and better quarters at the north end of the ground, between the museum and Lady Frere's statue.

On entering the gardens the visitor finds himself in an open space which expands in a broad *place*. The museum is on the left with terraces and promenades on either side, the garden side promenade being gravelled and accommodating a bandstand, which is very often used by the Volunteer band, and which always attracts very large numbers of visitors. As one enters the avenue, which is bordered on either said with beds of flowering and ornamental foliaged plant, his attention is attracted on the right with a very pretty piece of ornamental water. This is a portion of an extensive piece of ornamental water, which takes up nearly the whole of the right half of the ground, beginning from the right of the entrance. It has been arranged in a serpentine form, its banks being covered with dense foliage, and several portions, especially that running alongside the avenue, presenting very pretty bits of natural scenery. Several rustic bridges span the water at various points and add greatly to the effect of the whole, and lead to well-kept lawns.

On the left the ground has been laid out in a natural style with winding paths, circling round large open lawns and groups and clumps of trees. Here attention has been devoted to the botanical arrangements of plants and trees, bordering the well-kept and handsome green lawns, the plants are placed according to the natural orders to which they belong. Mr. Carstensen has devoted much labour to the remodelling of this part of the gardens. He has laid out the ground in landscape style, as natural as possible. Viewed from the band-stand promenade a very fine effect is obtained. Fine bits of scenery have been created here and there in front, but the chief beauty of the view is the long grass-clad vista, which occupies the whole length of this portion of the garden. It is improved by a pretty ornamental lake and a handsome deer park. The scenery is relieved by the ornamental cages for the carnivorous animals which have been constructed on a new plan. The cages are practically dens formed of masonry, built on what is known as the "rustic masonry" design, which gives the retreats an appearance as natural as possible, evidently intended to deceive the animals themselves. When wind, rain, and weather take off the newness of the masonry these cages will very easily and naturally harmonise with the general scenery. The whole of the zoological collection, is located about here, so that the botanical and zoological elements of the gardens are together.

Proceeding down the main avenue after first traversing an open space, to the right of which is the newly-built snake-pit fifteen feet deep, just at the termination of the ornamental waters, to the left of which he catches a glimpse of the zoological collection in the distance, the visitor finds the avenue terminating in a large octagonal space relieved in the centre by a fountain constantly playing and bordered with very pretty plants laid out in square plots in the sloping mound. The space opens out into eight different roadways, the chief of which are the avenues running right and left at right angles to the main one up which the visitor came. The left avenue leads to Lady Frere's statue, under a Greek temple, and separates the botanical and zoological portion of the ground from the ornamental lake and deer park, which will be the right passing up the avenue. Lady Frere's statue is at the end of the avenue, and is the only memorial of the opening of the gardens by her ladyship in 1862. The work is a marble bust by Noble, protected by a small circular canopy taking the general form of a Greco-Roman temple. The late Mr. Tracey designed the structure which is supported by Corinthian columns on a circular plinth. Public subscriptions paid for the temple and bust, which cost nearly Rs. 10,000.

Corresponding to this avenue, the one to the right leads to the superintendent's offices and the ferneries. The large fernery to the right of Mr. Carstensen's office is the gem of the whole garden. It contains about 200 varieties of ferns, and about 150 different kind of palms. If fault it be, the only fault one can find is that the luxuriance of the foliage is remarkably dense, and though the fernery is 150 feet long by 44 feet broad, it seems too small for the wealth of ferns and palms planted barely a year ago. It forms a delightful shady retreat in its winding narrow paths, circling the numerous little fountains constantly playing. On the right of the fernery, just behind the bungalow, is a large nursery, of interest to the botanist. On the left of the offices we come to the other small ferneries, the path through which leads to the end of the gardens apart of the ground. It is now laid out with winding paths around a circular nursery planted in concentric circles, so as to harmonize with the surroundings. A step in the right direction has been taken in transferring the animals and aviary to the north side of the gardens, where there is better ventilation. With the admirable management now given to the gardens they will prove very attractive, and, what Sir George Birdwood wished them to be, a thing of beauty and a joy for ever. Mr. Phipson, who is on the visiting committee, suggested the idea of spacious dens for the wild beasts. The old cages will form a sort of hospital for sick animals. We have now traversed the whole gardens, and pointed out generally what is worth noting and seeing. In the north-west corner the ground in the rear of the museum is laid out in lawns and paths with a thick growth of indigenous plants marking the boundary of the grounds, and at the north-east corner of the museum where the old neglected maze used to disfigure the ground, the botanical arrangements begin. A grant of Rs. 50,000 is provided annually for the gardens by the Municipality, and it requires all this amount to maintain it properly, and to carry on the improvement Mr. Carstensen has undertaken. There are about 73 hands employed, excluding 63 animal-keepers and 9 coolies on the zoological establishment, costing annually about Rs. 8,000. In the days when the Agri-Horticultural Society had the management of the gardens, public money flowed in very plentifully, and enabled the Society to do much in a short time. Gifts also were often made by private individuals, as evidence of which we have the handsome Colebrookdale gateways and railings that set off the roadside portions of the gardens, the gift of the late Messrs. Juggonathjee Sunkerseth and Premabhai Hemabhai; they cost those gentlemen Rs. 20,000 between them.

The recent reports that the Dervishes were gathering for another invasion of Egypt, are entirely unconfirmed, and no credit is attached to them by the authorities here. Large numbers of refugees have arrived at Assouan suffering from famine. They state that there is a scarcity of water in the desert, where the wells are dried up. Many of them are also suffering from small-pox.

Prince Henry of Prussia is reported to have met with an adventure at Gibraltar. Climbing the hill he was stopped near the summit by Thomas Atkins, doing "sentry-go." "No thoroughfare here, sir," said Atkins sternly. "But I only want to admire the view from the summit, protested the Prince. "Can't help it. No road this way." "But I am the commander of the Irene, and a Prussian prince." "No thoroughfare." Thereupon the Prince turned tail and conveyed the dignity of the Hohenzollerns down the hill again as best he might. History does not, of course, give us the drift of the interior reflections which the Prussian Prince and commander of the Irene made of himself on the occasion, but it is permissible to speculate upon them. On the one hand he was, doubtless, annoyed by the refusal of the sentry to let him pass; but, on the other, he must have enough of the disciplinarian about him to admire the dogged tenacity of Atkins to the orders given him.

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT IN CEYLON.

The *Times of Ceylon* of the 15th inst. gives the following account of the preparations for the royal visit to Colombo :—

All along the line of the route which the royal party will take on Monday (17th inst.) on their way from the landing jetty to the Maradana Railway station, decorations of a profuse character have been put up as a token of the loyalty of the town and of the hearty welcome which Colombo offers to its distinguished visitors. The bulk of the work of decoration has been carried out under the supervision and practically at the expense of the various Mudaliyars of the Province who have certainly responded in a most generous and praiseworthy manner to the call which the Government Agent made on them. At the jetty, as we have before stated, there has been a great deal done. A large number of coolies were engaged this morning in adorning the pillars and the railing with green stuff and bunches of cocoanuts, while they were also busy in filling up the interstices between the pillars with ingenious devices made of plaited and twisted palm leaves. The rafters of the roof were hidden by strips of red and white cloth alternating and creating a pleasing effect, while by Monday the floor of the jetty will have been covered with coir matting; and carpet, or else red and white cloth will be laid down for their Royal Highnesses to walk on.

The Duke and Duchess on landing will not pass from the jetty through the Search Office, but through the gate on the Customs House, side of the Search Office. Outside this gate a very large pandal with a pointed roof has been put up, and inside this there is a dais where their Royal Highnesses will sit and listen to the address of welcome that will be offered to them. This pandal is being decorated in keeping with the decorations at present being put up at the jetty, stripes of red and white cloth helping largely to make up a pretty effect.

Stretching away from this covered stand is a long covered corridor, which also will be carpeted and on each sides of which accommodation will be found for some of those who have been fortunate enough to gain tickets to enable them to be present. This corridor, which is roofed in with palm leaves, stretches away pretty well up to the G. O. H. and at the end of it the royal visitors and those who will accompany them will enter their carriages and drive off to the railway station.

The route to be taken need not be again described. It has been marked out on either side by bamboo poles connected by hoops of bamboo which will be decorated with streamers of cocoanut leaf in the usual way, while at intervals are the various pandals, each of which is of different designs and shape. The general effect of the decorations will be very striking, and will reflect great credit on their executants. The Mudaliyars, who are responsible, all say that everything will be finished in time, but in order to do this their men will be hard at work all day to-morrow (Sunday). We hope their efforts will meet with the success they deserve.

An important part of the arrangements will be the work of illumination on the night on which the Duke and Duchess will re-embark on the Kaiser-i-Hind, and this, we are told, will be a most imposing spectacle provided that rain does not mar it. Right from the new passenger jetty round by the warehouses and out to the end of the break water, there will be one blaze of light, the torches being held by men stationed two yards apart. The jetty and the newly erected corridor leading to it will be hung with Japanese lanterns, which will throw soft colours over the decorations and add to their beauty. Altogether, therefore, the perparations seem to be most complete.

We understand that the steamer with the royal party on board is expected at daylight on Monday, when the Governor's A.-D.-C. will go on board to ascertain the exact hour of landing, which will probably be 6-45 or 7. His Excellency will go on board to greet their Royal Highnesses prior to the party leaving the ship for the shore. On the jetty will be assembled the Chief Justice and Puisne Judges, the Bishop, Major-General, and members of the Executive and Legislative Councils. A guard of honor of 100 rank and file will be in attendance under the command of a Captain with 2 subaltern officers, band, etc. The royal party will then pass through to the pandal, part of which is arranged as a sort of reception pavilion, with a dais on either side of which will be ranged heads of departments, consuls, etc., a place being enclosed for ladies opposite and part of the way on either side of the passage out. On ascending the dais the Municipality will offer their address. After this the party will proceed to the Fort entrance to the pandal or enclosure, and take to the carriages some three or four in number. The first, of H. E. the Governor, escorted by the mounted orderlies, will contain H. E. the Governor, their Royal Highnesses and equerry-in-waiting. The route lies via the Secretariat, Queen's House, Queen Street, and the barracks, and then by Norris Road to the station. The Governor's "special," which is composed of some 3 or 4 carriages will, in addition to his Excellency and royal party, Major-General, Sir John McNeil, V.C., Col. and Mrs. Cavaye, and Dr. Kilkelly, convey the Major-General and A.-D.-C., Sir Edward Walker, the General Manager, the Governor's A.-D.-C. and P. S.

The royal party will breakfast in the train, where a saloon has been arranged with a table to seat some 12 or 14. There will be a guard of honor, composed of the Volunteers at the main station. The "special" is due at Kandy at 10·40, should it leave at the expected hour. At the Kandy Railway Station will be assembled the Government Agent and other officials, and members of the community. The road will be decorated to the pavilion, wither the party will proceed after receiving an address. It is understood that during the afternoon the royal visitors will inspect objects of interest at Kandy, there being a Perahera in the evening. On Tuesday morning the royal party will visit the Peradeniya Gardens and take train there for Colombo, where on arriving they will proceed to Queen's House. It is probable that a drive will be taken in the afternoon.

In the evening some of the officials will be invited to meet the royal party at dinner—the Chief Justice, Puisne Judges, Bishop, Major-General, Members of Executive and Legislative Councils, etc. The Governor has issued invitations for a reception at 9 p. m., and guests, we believe, are to assemble in the corridors prior to the arrival of their Royal Highnesses, where they will be entertained by the music of the Gordon Highlanders' Band.

THE FATAL POLO ACCIDENT.

The *Pioneer* gives details of the terrible accident to Captain Allgood, King's Royal Rifles, which, on Saturday evening, brought the final tie in the polo tournament for the Connell Challenge Cup to an abrupt conclusion. The competing teams, it says, were those representing the Rifles and the 2nd Bengal Cavalry: and throughout the contest the play had been remarkably fast, even and brilliant, none perhaps being more conspicuous for dash and skill than Captain Allgood. Three rounds had been decided, the fourth and last was in progress, each side had scored four goals, the individual members were doing their utmost, the onlookers were in a fever of excitement as to the issue, and a little over three minutes' play was left when the deplorable incident occurred. It is impossible to say what actually happened. Certainly no fault can be attributed to anyone: and though there was a collision, it is the general opinion that there was no crossing or fouling. After falling Captain Allgood lay unconscious and bleeding from the mouth. A number of medical men, including Dr. Radd, Dr. Glyn-Griffith, Dr. Johnson, Dr. Young and Dr. Murphy, were on the spot in less than a minute, and did everything in their power to aid the injured player, and when a doolie arrived he was carried to hospital, where he died shortly after admission. The base of his skull had been fractured, and it is not improbable that he received internal injuries from one of the fallen ponies. The deceased was a great favourite with all who knew him, and his sudden and tragic end will come as a shock in circles far beyond Allahabad. He twice had narrow escapes of his life—once hurdle-racing and once at polo, neither of which forms of sport did he care for, but at which he was good and participated in simply for the honour of his regiment. Of course the tournament ceases for this year, and Mr. Connell's handsome trophy remains unclaimed.

A new piece of fiction by M. Jules Verne will shortly be published. It contains a satire on modern mining speculators. The author makes his hero purchase mining rights at the North Pole, in a country so much frozen that it cannot be developed. The company is formed to turn the world around, bringing the North Pole into the region of the tropics and turning the universe upside down.

Mr. Eugene Field, the well-known London correspondent of several American papers, make the interesting announcement that, through the offices of some London gentlemen, he has come into possession of one of the axes with which Mr. Gladsone has delighted to hew down the trees of Hawarden. It is the first axe that Mr. Gladstone has parted with, and a characteristic note from him accompanies it. There is also a Latin epigram upon it by Professor Oscar Browning, of King's College, Cambridge.

A CHARGE OF FORGERY.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Duncan Ross, a Government Telegraph Signaller, was brought up on remand and charged with forgery in respect of a medical certificate, purporting to be signed by Dr. Banks. Mr. Little, the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, and the accused in person.

Mr. Charles Edward Pittman, examined by Mr. Little, said he was Superintendent of Government Telegraphs, Bombay Division. He knew Duncan Ross. He was recently transferred from the Central Office to the Mandavie Office on the 1st instant for duty. On Sunday, the 2nd instant, witness telegraphed to Mr. Chitts at Mandavie, ordering the accused to be at the Town Hall, the following morning, for three days' temporary duty in connection with the rehearsal scheme of the defence of Bombay. The reply received from Chitts was that Duncan Ross had not yet joined, and was believed to be at Poona. He was ordered to be marked absent without leave. On the 3rd March Mr. Chitts wired that Ross had reported himself fit for duty. That afternoon an explanation was asked for from Ross, who pleaded illness, and promised to send on a medical certificate. Enquiries were then made regarding Ross's reported absence at Poona. On the 13th instant witness received a medical certificate from accused through Mr. Chitts covering Ross's absence. Witness the same

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

THE plan outlined in the bill recently introduced into Congress by Mr. Cummings, of New York, for dealing liberally with American steamer lines in the matter of mail contracts, writes the *Scientific American* would seem to have much to commend it and to be worthy of a trial. The bill does not contemplate the payment of subsidies save in the way of recompense for carrying the mail, nor is the rate it fixes in excess of that we now pay foreign lines for the same service. The remittance of dues and charges and similar favours seem not too much to ask; the loss of revenue fancied rather than real, for if there were to be such imposts there would not be any ships, and hence no source for such a revenue. All that is asked may fairly be regarded as insignificant if it will enable ships which cost more to build and more to man than foreign ships to keep the seas. The class of subsidy, if payment for service actually performed can rightly be called a subsidy, which it is designed to pay these steamers in one generally prevailing now upon the ocean, and it is immediately obvious, therefore, that no first-class steamers can successfully compete in the ocean traffic that do not receive it. It is perhaps within the power of the mathematician, taking things as he finds them and with no eye to the future, to figure out a prospective loss at the start. He might be able to show the actual benefit received much smaller than the sum paid out plus dues remitted. But the same was once true of industries which now pay their way a hundredfold in employment of labour and demand for material. We have now entered upon an era of war ship building; the country is agreed that we need a fleet of modern ships, and Congress is making appropriations with unstinted hand. Great yards and shops are being established for the construction of iron and steel ships, and the facilities being at hand, the time is ripe for the construction of a mercantile as well as a war fleet. There is no reason why, the most efficient type of ship not yet having been decided upon, we should not ourselves discover it. There is no reason why a nation which has nursed its land industries into a state of profitable independence should be less liberal with its shipping.

Among popular delusions may now be included the impression that strikes are good for the army, observes the *Daily News*. The Inspector-General of Recruiting, in his annual report just issued, tells us that men on strike rarely enlist, and that the artificial demand for labour created by strikes does harm to recruiting. Against the labour market generally, we fear, Major-General Rocke has, and is bound to have, a grudge. It is good enough, in spite of wages disputes, to keep men out of the army. The Inspector-General puts the best face he can on the matter and tries to be thankful. "Under all circumstances it may probably be deemed satisfactory that the requirements of the year, which much exceeded those of 1888, have been in the main provided." Here we read, not between the lines, but even between the words of one sentence, and we mentally underline "in the main," "probably," "under all the circumstances." Clearly the Inspector-General is not cheerful at heart.

The Militia Committee have no suggestions to offer, writes the *Army and Navy Gazette*. We are wrong: there is one proposal made—*viz.*, that a Militia officer should be present at the depot when as many as twenty-five Militia recruits are up for duty! The employment of this solitary individual is to be the means of setting all heart-burnings at rest. Nine years ago, when Mr. Childers introduced his scheme for the mashing-up of regiments and uprooting of our military traditions, we predicted what the result would be to the Militia. There were many Militia officers who were attracted by the tinsel which surrounded the bait thrown so adroitly by the War Office representative in the House of Commons. Territorial titles and gold lace were great concessions, and it was thought that the Militia star was at length in the ascendant. The reform of July 1, 1881, has brought to the Line a number of men who would not otherwise have been found there. The Militia has suffered much, and will suffer more. If any doubt this, let them turn to the report of Lord Harris's Committee. We have a small enough standing Army, goodness knows. There is one thing we ought to do at all costs—we ought to maintain a strong and thoroughly efficient Militia. If the report before us is to be taken as enunciating the views of the War Office, even that safeguard is to be denied us.

The Emperor William evidently holds strict views on the conduct which becomes an officer and a gentleman, for he has expelled two subalterns from the German army for an attempt to negotiate matrimonial bliss through the medium of an American heiress's agency. It is necessary, no doubt, that military discipline should be maintained; but, nevertheless, the decision seems, for two reasons, singularly harsh, thinks the *Daily Graphic*. In the first place, no German officer is allowed to marry at all, unless he is able to keep up an establishment appropriate to his rank. And, in the second place, no less an authority than Mr. Archibald, Forbes is of opinion that the chief reason why the Prussian soldier is such a terrible fellow is that he is in a hurry to have done with the campaign and return to the society of Gretchen and the amenities of the domestic hearth.

On the authority of the Adjutant-General, there is not a Volunteer battalion that can, all around, shoot as well as any battalion of the Line, says the *Broad Arrow*. There are none that shoot better than the best of the Militia battalions. There can be no doubt that, with the improved system of musketry, the Militia will make great progress and considerable advance in this portion of their military education, and even do something better still. Forty rounds from a confirmed kicker like the Martini-Henry was hardly provocative of much confidence in, or affection for, the weapon on the part of its temporary owner; but with the new rifle, and the very reduced recoil, to say nothing of the extended practice, both Militia and Volunteers should reach a higher figure of merit than has hitherto been the case.

The War Office authorities are experiencing much difficulty in finding suitable ranges for practice with the new magazine rifle, writes the *Birmingham Post*, and until this can be overcome practical operations with the weapon are virtually suspended. It has been found that the rifle carries a ball a much greater distance than our present ranges permit with safety, and that much danger, in consequence, arises from stray shots. At Aldershot, a few days since, a bullet from one of the new rifles was carried a distance computed to be two miles beyond the ranges.

The steamer Nautilus, belonging to the General Steam Navigation Company, sank at her moorings in the Thames on Wednesday morning (5 inst.) while loading for the Mediterranean. No lives were lost. The vessel had on board a general cargo, and also one 110-tons gun, the property of the Government, which had been brought from Armstrong, Mitchell & Company's works at Newcastle, and was to have been taken to one of the Mediterranean ports. The cause of the sinking of the Nautilus, which is an old vessel, has not yet been definitely ascertained. She settled down gradually, and the watchman, assisted by the river police, was able to save a considerable quantity of the gear. As the vessel went down perfectly upright, it is supposed that the accident arose through one of the valves being left open, thereby letting in the water. At high tide the body of the vessel is completely under water; but at low tide some of the deck is visible, and a portion of the cargo which had not floated away was saved.

The "Illustrated Naval and Military Magazine" continues its "Epochs of the British Army," the present instalment opening with the Revolution, 1688, and having a coloured plate. Frederick the Great is the example this month of "Great Commanders of Modern Times," and, besides a good portrait, plans are given of several of his battles. "Naval Warfare" is resumed, and the first of a series of papers on "The Cinque Ports" is given, the subject being Sandwich, which is quaintly illustrated. Captain Gooch, R.N., contributes a lively sketch of Admiral Roussin, and there is an important essay on "Future Infantry Tactics," wherein movable fortifications are to bear a part. "The Tudor Exhibition" is well and amusingly illustrated.

The manufacture of ordnance on the Tyne has hitherto been exclusively in the hands of Messrs. Armstrong, Mitchell & Co., but it is officially announced that Sir C. M. Palmer & Co. are about to open a department for the manufacture of ordnance and gun-carriages. The management of the new ordnance works has been confided to Colonel Inglis, R. E., now of Woolwich. Operations are to be commenced as soon as possible, but the scheme is to be brought into existence without making a call upon the present shares. The shareholders will have the first opportunity of subscribing the large amount of capital necessary for the new departure.

Speaking upon casualties among army horses in the field, at the United Service Institution, Mr. W. B. Walters said that during the Franco-German war the Germans employed 38,000 horses., of which 14,595 were subsequently killed, wounded, or missing. Of the 5,000 horses landed in Egypt in 1882 the deaths amounted to 11 per cent., and in the Suakim expedition, of the 12,530 horses employed the percentage of casualties amounted to 26.

PILSENER BEER.

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.

In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

WHY SHOULD WE CARE FOR INFLUENZA OR ANY OTHER FEVER?

READ THE FOLLOWING UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL FROM THE "JAM-E-JAMSHED," THE LEADING VERNACULAR PAPER:—

4th March, 1890.

"NEARLY 80 HANDS of our establishment were suffering, one after another from FEVER. At this crisis, we made FREE USE of Dr. BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, an infallible remedy and a well known specific, which WORKS WONDERS in cases of FEVER and AGUE, and we feel unbounded pleasure to announce that it proved WONDERFULLY EFFICACIOUS in each case.....So from our own experience of the immediate cure it affected on our men, we most willingly recommended this medicine for public good."

BATLIVALLA'S AGUE-MIXTURE, as BATLIVALLA's AGUE PILLS, may be had from Dr. H. L. BATLIVALLA'S MATOONGA DISPENSARY, Dadur. Also of Messrs. KEMP and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., &c., &c., &c., at Re. 1 per Bottle.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

KING, KING, & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge,

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery. Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharmacy of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell's Stree Bloomsbury London.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

BASS GREEN DIAMOND

LIGHTER THAN GERMAN BEER.

Purest and Lightest ALE extant.

STONE'S BOTTLING

BASS GREEN DIAMOND.

Can be obtained of Messrs. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO., GILLANDERS & CO., G. F. KELLNER & CO., CALCUTTA; and of the principal dealers in India.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books can be had at the office of this apper.

DINNEFORD'S

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

VAUGHAN-JONES'

EXTRA "C.I.G" OLD

(Registered Trade Mark)

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.

Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old. White " Special Reserve, Extra Old.

C. DAY & CO., SOLE AGENTS, LONDON;

ALSO FOR THE FAMOUS

"JOHN JAMESON" BOTTLED WHISKEY.

Retail of the Great Eastern Hotel Company, Calcutta, and all dealers throughout India.

BYING AGENTS WANTED

TILES & MOSAICS of all description for ENTRANCE HALLS, VERANDAHS Ornamental & Glazed Tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.

THE CAMPBELL TRADE MARK TILE Co.

SPECIAL DESIGNS and Catalogues free on Application MANUFACTORY STOKE ON TRENT, ENGLAND.

DUBLIN 1872 VIENNA 1873 206, Ct PORTLAND St LONDON PARIS 1878 MELBOURNE 1880

DO YOU EVER

BUY WATCHES OR JEWELLERY?

If so, send a postcard and we will forward, *gratis and post free*, our elaborately illustrated Catalogue containing

ONE THOUSAND BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS

Of Watches and Jewellery of very latest designs. Birmingham supplies the World with Jewellery, and you will be astonished at the difference between Indian and Birmingham prices. Send for the Catalogue at once, so as to have it at hand when you or your friends want to buy Jewellery. Orders for a single article will receive equal attention with large orders.

We guarantee safe delivery of any parcels, small or large, all being insured through to our customers. Orders for India are executed by return mail (except such as have to be made to special instructions); the delay is thus minimised, and it is worth waiting to secure latest styles and saving 50 per cent.

We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send Bankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.

We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.

J. C. LANGDON, DAVIES & CO.,

Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,

BELGRAVE HOUSE, BRISTOL STREET, BIRMINGHAM.

NOTICES.

THE BEST of Anti-Bilious Remedies

Dr GUILLIÉ'S Elixir & Pills

have been used with the greatest success for over 60 YEARS in cases of Constipation, Liver Complaints, Painful digestion, Epidemics, Fevers, Diseases of the Stomach, etc., etc.

The genuine Dr Guillié's Elixir and Pills bear the signature Paul Gage.

Wholesale: PAUL GAGE, M.D. 9, rue de Grenelle-St-Germain, Paris

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE, DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.

Scrofulous Cachexis, Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa, Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia, Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, etc.

BLANCARD'S CELEBRATED PILLS,

OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE OF IRON,

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,

Are the best remedy.

BLANCARD & Cie, 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS. *And all good Chemists.*

Scrofulous, Syphilitic Skin Diseases

SUCCESSFULLY CURED BY

Dr GIBERT'S Depuratory Iodorised DRAGÉES & SYRUP

UGENDRE, chemist, Maisons-Laffitte (Paris)

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS

Dr FRANCK'S GRAINS OF HEALTH

VERITABLES GRAINS de Santé du docteur FRANCK

CONSTIPATION! HEADACHE! CONGESTION!

The most SUCCESSFUL REMEDY Insist upon having annexed label, printed in four colours

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS

Wholesale, LEROY, 9, Rue des Petits-Champs, Paris.

ASTHMA & CATARRH CURED BY THE Cigarettes Espic

Oppression, Suffocating, Coughs, Colds, Chest Neuralgia, &c.

Madras: Barrie & Co; Bombay: Kemp & Co; Calcutta: Dumaine

WHOLESALE: PARIS, J. ESPIC 20, rue Saint-Lazare, 20

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

ALL ILLNESSES

for which Cod Liver oil is prescribed are cured by the

Peroglycine Gressy

The only remedy of its kind containing all the principles of Cod Liver Oil and having an agreeable flavour

Approved by the United Medical Profession

Awarded various Medals

Dose { For children.—One teaspoonfull night and morning. For adults.—One tablespoonfull night and morning.

Many Testimonials received

Gout, Stone, Gravel, Rheumatism

Can only be cured by Lythia Ch. LE PERDRIEL'S effervescing granulated salts of Lythia, taken in small doses are a sure remedy for Stone, Gravel, etc.

LE PERDRIEL'S

Adhesive Blistering Tissue

Dr REBOULLEAU'S

THAPSIA REVULSIVE PLASTER

None other allowed in the Hospitals

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS

WHOLESALE: LE PERDRIEL & Cie, Paris

Chlorosis-Wasting diseases

Poorness of Blood

No one should be without

AROUD'S WINE of Iron, cinchona

& of soluble meat

Of all ferruginous preparations, this one is by far the most efficacious, as it contains all the regenerative principles for making bone, blood and muscle.

Brou's Injection hygienic

infallible, and preservative

Cures promptly, without additional means, all recent or chronic discharges of the urinary organs. Sold in Paris by J. FERRÉ (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, 102, rue Richelieu.

VERITABLE RICORD'S CAPSULES

of Copaiba & tar

These capsules possess the tonic properties of tar combined with the antiblennorrhagic action of copaiba. They do not fatigue the stomach and do not produce diarrhœa or nausea. They constitute the remedy par excellence in the treatment of discharges whether recent or chronic.

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS

WHOLESALE: J. FERRÉ, Successor to Favrot, Brou and Aroud

Pharmacien, 102, rue Richelieu, PARIS

Wholesale and Indenting Agents: H. Ballantine and Co., 11, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

NOTICES.

CHAPOTEAUT'S
PEPTONE WINE
TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourrish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Intestines,* and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery**; in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections,* and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, PARIS.

A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!!
GRIMAULT'S
INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from **Oppression** in breathing, stifling sensations, **Hoarseness,** and **Loss of voice, Nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds,** with **Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections,** and **difficulty** in **Expectoration,** are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

GRIMAULT & CO., Paris, Sold by all Chemists.

GRIMAULT'S
Matico Capsules
AND INJECTION

Renowned Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of Acute and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Copaiba, have not the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent AND **MATICO CAPSULES** in the more chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris. Sold by all Chemists.

CHAPOTEAUT'S
MORRHUOL
THE CURATIVE ACTIVE PRINCIPLES
EXTRACTED FROM COD LIVER OIL
NO TASTE OR SMELL

MORRHUOL is much more prompt in its action than Cod Liver Oil in the treatment of Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Pains in the Chest, Sore Throats, and Asthma.

MORRHUOL restores the health of pale weakly people, *without appetite;* and those afflicted with Skin diseases, Scrofula, Scabs, sores in the neck, sore eyes, and inherited lymphatic temperaments
From *The Hospital Reports* (translated).

« **MORRHUOL** represents the medicinal « part of Cod Liver Oil, it modifies « rapidly the general state of the pa- « tient, and develops the appetite in a « most extraordinary manner. Con- « sumptive patients experience a fee- « ling of well-being, eat and digest « easily, and sleep soundly.
« Dr GAY, *Gazette des Hôpitaux.* »
From *The Lancet March,* 12th. 1887.

« M. CHAPOTEAUT has introduced a preparation of Cod Liver Oil called Morrhuol, which proves to be of considerable utility in the treatment of Consumption and wasting diseases. »
Sold in phials of 100 Morrhuol pearls, each of which is equal to a teaspoonful of oil.

CHAPOTEAUT, 8, Rue Vivienne, PARIS.

Chapoteaut's
PEPSINE PEARLS
for
SICK HEADACHES
WIND IN THE STOMACH
DYSPEPSIA
CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS
RELIEVE WITH THE FIRST DOSE
Cramps in the Stomach, Feeling of Heaviness, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Headaches, and Sickness during pregnancy.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS
Will keep in any climate, and are without taste or smell.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8, PARIS.

BY ROYAL LETTER PATENT
SOUTHALLS'
SANITARY TOWELS
FOR LADIES.
ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Disideratum of the highest importance increased comfort, cleanliness. Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,
No. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against useless and injurious imitations, ex'n Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.*

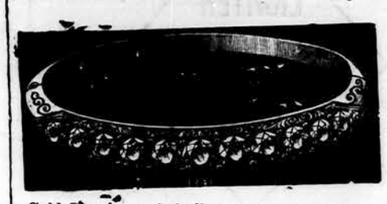
SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY,
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

Special wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency:* Bathgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab:* Ball Habson and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Madras:* Peake Allen & Co. *Agents in the Bombay Presidency:* Tomson & Taylor, Bombay Cooper Madan & Co. Ld., Bombay; Kemp and Co., Ld., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Mr. S. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind:* E. Speechly, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee. Plomer & Co., Lahore.

FOR SALE
I.—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
May be had at this Office and at the Booksellers.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND DIAMOND MERCHANTS.

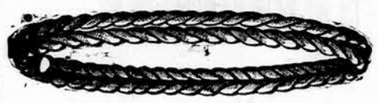
THE Illustrations below are a few Specimens of their Extensive and Varied Stock of Bangles and Bracelets. Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., invite the favour of an early inspection by intending Purchasers. :—


Gold Bracelet artistically set with 13 very fine Brilliants, Rs. 850.

Gold Bangles, set with fine pearls, in various designs, from Rs. 55, or from Rs. 110 per pair in case.

Gold "Daisy" Bangles, set with fine pearls, from Rs. 30, or from Rs. 60 per pair in a case.

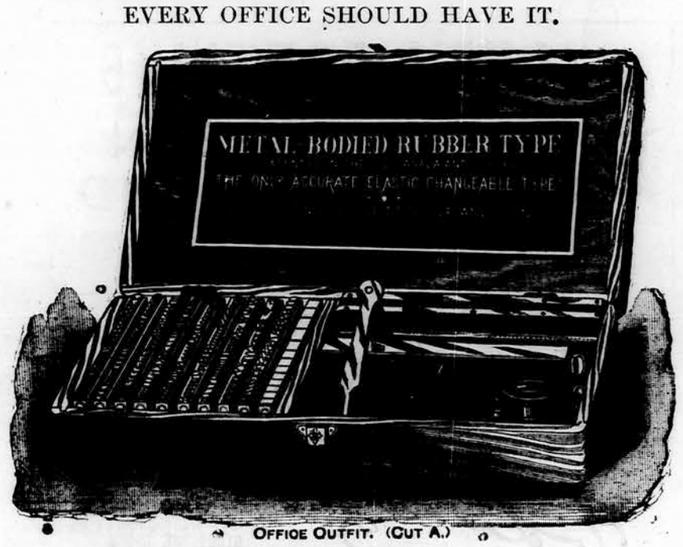
Plain and Fancy Gold Bangles as above, in great variety, from Rs. 35.


Gold Twist close or open patterns, from Rs. 45, or from Rs. 90 per pair.

Gold Bands, plain, engraved, or fluted, from Rs. 50.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

METAL BODIED RUBBER TYPE!
EVERY OFFICE SHOULD HAVE IT.

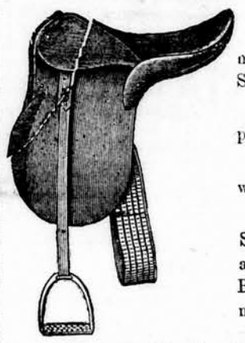


OFFICE OUTFIT. (CUT A.)

BLOOMFIELD & Co.,
RUBBER STAMP MANUFACTURERS,
20, CHURCH-GATE STREET, BOMBAY,
(LATE BANGALORE).

Send for our Illustrated Price List, and when ordering, particular care should be taken that the Name, Address, &c., be very legibly written.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.



We have received a large Consignment of Hunting Saddles, with Buck Skin Seat, from .....Rs. 45 0 to Rs. 50.

Curb Bridles, complete with Bits.....Rs. 14 0

Pelham Bridles with Bit .....Rs. 9 8

A large Selection of Girths, Bits, Stable Brushes, Horse Clothing, Spurs and Stable Requisites, Sundries, Sam Brown Belts, and Military Accoutrements.

Repairs of every description executed in a superior manner.

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS.
BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. G. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

ROMFRD LIGHTO BITTER BEER
(IND COOPE & Co.'s.)

Per dozen Qts.....Rs. 5 | Per case of 3 dozen Qts. .....Rs. 14 10
Per dozen Pts.....Rs. 4 | Per case of 6 dozen Pts.....Rs. 23 4

Bottled specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., who have been appointed Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

JEWELLERS HAMILTON & Co BOMBAY
EASTER GIFTS

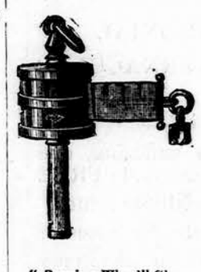
Gold Gem Set Lace Brooches, a variety in Stock.
As illustrated, Rs. 17 cash

Enclosed in Rich Egg-shape Velvet Cases, Satin lined.

Diamond Lotus Brooch, Rs. 125 cash.

Diamond "Just Out" Brooch Rs. 234 cash.

Diamond Shamrock Brooch, Rs. 125 cash.


"Praying Wheel" Charm. Gold, Rs. 23 cash; Silver, Rs. 7 cash.

Diamond Butterfly Brooch and Hair Pin, Rs. 585; a variety in Stock.

Fish's Mouth Cigar Cutter; Gold, Rs. 35 Silver, Rs. 11.

Charm Gold, Rs. 12 cash; Silver, Rs. 4 cash.

Horse Shoe, &c., Bracelet, Set with Diamonds: also forms a Brooch Gold Curb Chain, Rs. 490 cash.

The Tulwar Charm or Tooth-Pick; Gold, Rs. 11; Silver, Rs. 5 cash

HAMILTON & CO.
JEWELLERS & DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
73, Esplanade Road,
BOMBAY.

WATCH MANUFACTURE OF
G. A. CHARPIE & CO.,
Specialities in Lever Keyless and Key Wind Watches.

AMONGST the best and oldest Establishments in India our Watches have always born a high reputation for excellence, for perfection in construction and fine time-keeping qualities. The best and highest qualities being fully equal to any procurable from England while the prices are much lower, they being direct from the Manufacture. We have had a long experience of the requirements of this country. We venture to say that our Watches stand marvellously well, the coldest as well as the hottest climates of India and are fully convinced to be able to give the fullest satisfaction to all who favour us with orders, besides saving the Retailer, the Agent or Middleman's profit on your purchases.

We manufacture a great variety of Watches from the most substantial gold cased to the nickel Campaign Watches, all being made of good materials and adjusted with care. From illustrated catalogue we extract the following.

			Rs.	Rs.
No. 13.—Highest quality,	Keyless	Campaign Watch, Lever, 10 ruby holes, warranty 5 years...		20
No. 17.—Highest quality	„	Hunter Campaign Watch „ „ „ „ 5 years...		26
No. 20*a*.—Highest quality	„	Half Hunter „ „ „ „ „ 5 years..		38
No. 23.—Highest quality	„	Railway Watch, large size „ „ „ „ 6 years...		28
No. 2*a*.—Highest quality	„	Sterling Silver Watch, medium size, Lever, 10 holes, warranty 6 years...		45
No. 4*a*.—Highest quality	„	„ Hunter Watch „ „ „ „ „ 6 years		48
No. 8*a*.—Highest quality	„	„ „ Half Hunter Watch „ „ „ „ 6 years		50
No. 34.—Highest quality, key wind, Sterling Silver Watch, 6 to 10 ruby holes, Lever...				22
No. 36*a*.—Highest quality,	„	„ „ Hunter Watch, 10 ruby holes, Lever	32 to	35
No. 38*a*.—Highest quality	„	„ „ Half Hunter Watch „ „ „ ...	35 to	37
No. 46.—Highest quality	„	Longires „ Ladies' Hunter Lever keyless Watch, 6 years	38 to	40
No. 50.—Highest quality	„	Longires „ „ Half Hunter „ „ „ „	40 to	43
No. 61*a*.—Highest quality, 18ct. Gold, Half Hunter. Gert's Lever Watch			120 to	135
No. 60*a*.—Highest quality	„	„ Longires, ladies' Lever Watch, Massive Gold case, chased and engraved	120 to	140
The same Jewelled with Diamonds				200

Price list of cheaper grades on Application.

G. A. CHARPIE AND CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.
ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-4.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the Best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION,
To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. *March 8th,* 1878.
This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTON WHISKEY." I find it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion this Whiskey is of a very high character.
Berner's College, EDWARD V. GARDNER, F.A.S., M.S.A.,
London. *Professor of Chemistry.*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsuels and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.
Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

NOTICES.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness; Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minute

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills.

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medecine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates. :—

9½d. size, 9 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 14 annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

Chemists and Storekeepers can obtain the wholesale Rates on application.

Prepared only by the Preprietor Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England—in boxes 9½d., 1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d. each, with which full directions are given.

Sold by all Druggists and Patent medicine Dealers everywhere.

Sole Agents for India:
NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co.,
Wholesale Depôt, 35, Clive Street, Calcutta.

PASTA
TRADE-MARK.
MACK
PASTA MACK
For Bath & Toilet Use.
This entirely new and excellent healthgiving preparation SOFTENS THE WATER, gives it a most delicious odour, and BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION in a most extraordinary way. Should be in every Bathroom and Bedroom. To be had of all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World.
Sole Manufacturer and Inventor, H. MACK, Ulm o/D.

LIFE VERSUS DEATH
SEE
MR. G. T. CONGREVE'S
WORK ON
CONSUMPTION
Showing that direful disease to be Curable in all its stages,
And containing many interesting and authentic Cases, with Letters from
MINISTERS OF ALL DENOMINATIONS,
INCLUDING
REV. C. H. SPURGEON.
SIXPENCE.
By G. T. CONGREVE, Coombe Lodge, Peckham, London; and PUBLISHED BY Newman & Co., Dalhousie Square, Calcutta; and at "Times of India" Office, Bombay.

ALSO
MR. CONGREVE'S
OLD ESTABLISHED PREPARATIONS.
FOR
DYSPEPTIC COUGHS,
OLD OR RECENT.
ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS,
WHOOPING COUGH.
COLDS, HOARSENESS, &c.,
THE FINEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD IS
CONGREVE'S BALSAMIC ELIXIR,
In Bottles, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., etc.
SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE HOUSES.

NOTE.—For MINISTERS, LECTURERS, AND TEACHERS, *and all who have to exert the voice, a lump of Sugar saturated with this pleasant* ELIXIR, *and sucked as a Lozenge before speaking, will prevent* HOARSENESS, *comfort the chest, and strengthen the* VOICE.

DR. FLEMMING'S
QUININE & CAMPHOR
PILLS,
SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INDIA
by Mr. G. T. CONGREVE, from the prescription of an eminent Physician.
TO CURE
Indigestion: Give Appetite and Tone: Ward off Fever.
Try them! Do not suffer unnecessarily!!!
SOLD IN BOTTLES, 1s. 1½d.
A SAFE, MILD, & TONIC APERIENT.

CALCUTTA: Smith, Stanistreet, & Co., Bathgate & Co., Scott, Thompson, & Co. BOMBAY: Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co. MADRAS: West & Co. ALLAHABAD: Lyell & Co. LAHORE: Gilson & Co. ASSAM: Planters' Stores. RANGOON: De Souza.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.